

### CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2022

### **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### MARCH 31, 2022

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On behalf of Lake Babine Nation:

### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

### MARCH 31, 2022

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Lake Babine Nation are the responsibility of management and have been approved by Council.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards prescribed for governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada and as such include amounts that are the best estimates and judgments of management.

Management is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of these statements and for implementing and maintaining a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that reliable financial information is produced.

The Council is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the consolidated financial statements.

The Council meets periodically with management, as well as the external auditors, to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues, to satisfy themselves that each party is properly discharging their responsibilities, and to review the consolidated financial statements and the external auditor's report.

The external auditors, DMC Chartered Professional Accountants Inc., conduct an independent examination, in accordance with Canadian auditing standards, and express their opinion on the consolidated financial statements. The external auditors have full and free access to financial management of Lake Babine Nation and meet when required.

Chief Date

Sept 28, 27

Date

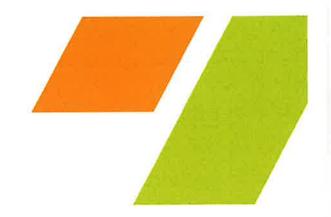
Sept 28, 27

Date

Chief Finance Officer

Date





### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Members of Lake Babine Nation

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Lake Babine Nation, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the consolidated statements of revenue, expenditures and accumulated surplus, change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

Except as noted in the following paragraph, in our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the as at and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

### Basis for Qualified Opinion

As described in Note 4, the Band holds investments in government business enterprises which are accounted for using the modified equity method. Each of these government business enterprises does not have audited financial information available, and as such we are unable to determine whether any adjustment might be necessary to the Band's investment in these government business enterprises, and accumulated surplus (deficit) for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021. Our audit opinion has been modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation of scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the First Nation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PSAB, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the First Nation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the First Nation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the First Nation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the First Nation to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the First Nation to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Prince George, British Columbia September 28, 2022 DMC Chartered Professional Accountants Inc.

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

MARCH 31, 2022

	2022	2021
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash (Note 2)	\$ 2,084,630	\$ 1,931,517
Short term deposits (Note 2)	42,274,488	11,668,023
Restricted cash (Note 2)	308,578	327,518
Accounts receivable (Note 3)	7,083,966	3,423,675
Investment in Government business enterprises (Note 4) (Note 5)	18,919,795	10,447,621
Federal trust funds (Note 6)	1,682,303	1,644,980
	72,353,760	29,443,334
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 7)	1,686,143	1,550,446
Deferred revenue (Note 8)	32,608,980	8,404,631
Long-term debt (Note 9)	6,287,206	6,682,558
	40,582,329	16,637,635
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	31,771,431	12,805,699
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 10)	38,390,434	35,482,168
Prepaid expenses	118,874	120,759
	38,509,308	35,602,927
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 11)	\$ 70,280,739	\$ 48,408,626

Contingent Liabilities (Note 12)

Approved	on	behalf of	the	Lake	<b>Babine</b>	Nation

, Chief

\_, Councillor

, Chief Finance Officer

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2021 Actual
	A (0.040.500)	<b>*</b> 04 070 442	Ф 40 444 720
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (2,313,539)	\$ 21,872,113	\$ 12,141,739
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(=1) (=1)	(4,824,309) 1,916,043	(2,872,367) 1,411,847
Amortization of tangible capital assets	-	1,310,043	(7,280)
Gain (loss) on disposal of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets		-	10,000
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets			10,000
	48	(2,908,266)	(1,457,800)
Acquisition of prepaid asset	1,885	(109,168)	(120,769)
Use of prepaid asset	•	111,053	131,751
	1,885	1,885	10,982
(Decrease) increase in net financial assets	(2,311,654)	18,965,732	10,694,921
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		12,805,699	2,110,778
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 31,771,431	\$ 12,805,699

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2021 Actual
REVENUE			
Federal Government (Note 14)	\$ 12,287,999	\$ 22,887,827	\$ 16,155,247
Provincial Government (Note 14)	÷	14,221,182	9,874,264
Other Aboriginal Groups	4,361,544	8,459,670	10,068,362
Band Generated	892,400	2,050,431	1,618,440
Miscellaneous	1,731,734	1,411,360	372,876
First Nations Gaming	<b>=</b> )	525,377	922,851
Interest income	( <u>#</u> )	289,315	104,133
Deferred revenue	350,000	(1,988,421)	(2,032,652
	19,623,677	47,856,741	37,083,521
CYDENDITUBES			
EXPENDITURES  Operations	3,774,338	3,601,967	3,983,067
Operations	6,581,225	9,151,847	7,228,043
LBN Education Program	436,762	561,159	423,559
Economic Development	972,242	3,148,279	2,564,561
Natural Resource Management	1,054,100		2,105,293
Social Housing Fund		2,194,839	
Health Services Fund	3,773,710	5,426,862	3,854,581 2,672,187
LBN Social Development	2,967,898	2,328,323	
Capital Projects 500	946,518	2,297,753	1,720,571
Operations & Maintenance	1,320,565	1,448,769	1,370,000
Fisheries Fund	5 <del>*</del> 8	1,106,965	502,758
Lake Babine Child & Family Services	109,858	2,617,267	1,348,239
	21,937,216	33,884,030	27,772,859
RECOVERY	**:	(87,945)	
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE	/ /- <b></b>	/A AA / TAA	0.040.074
OTHER ITEMS	(2,313,539)	13,884,766	9,310,674
OTHER ITEMS			
Insurance Proceeds	•	*	292,809
Income from First Nation Entities	***	7,761,724	2,373,784
Forgiveness of debt	-	140,020	157,192
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	7 <del>4</del> 5		7,280
ISC escalator payments received in error		85,603	
	3.40	7,987,347	2,831,065
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,313,539)		12,141,739
		48,408,626	36,266,887
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		40,400,020	30,200,007
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT END OF YEAR	\$ (2.313.539)	\$ 70,280,739	\$ 48,408,626

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	2022	2021
Cash flows from		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 21,872,113	\$ 12,141,739
Items not affecting cash		
Amortization	1,916,043	1,411,847
Contributions to Ottawa Trust fund	(37,323)	(102,660)
Income from investments in First Nations Enterprises	(7,761,724)	(2,373,784)
Forgiveness of debt	(140,020)	(157,192)
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	::#:	(7,280)
	15,849,089	10,912,670
Change in non-cash operating working capital		
Prepaid expenses	1,885	10,991
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	135,697	(161,102)
Deferred revenue	24,204,349	2,027,080
Accounts receivable	(3,660,291)	797,805
	36,530,729	13,587,444
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(4,824,309)	(2,872,367)
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	(1,521,666)	10,000
. A.C.	(4,824,309)	(2,862,367)
ENIANCING ACTIVITIES	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , , , , , , ,
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	134,015
Proceeds on long term debt Repayment of long term debt	(255,332)	(246,960)
Repayment of short term financing	(200,002)	(5,000)
	(255,332)	(117,945)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	4	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Advances from First Nations Investments	(710,450)	747,507
NCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	30,740,638	11,354,639
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	13,927,058	2,572,419
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 44,667,696	\$ 13,927,058
REPRESENTED BY Cash	\$ 2,084,630	\$ 1,931,517
Short term deposits	42,274,488	11,668,023
Restricted cash	308,578	327,518
	\$ 44,667,696	\$ 13,927,058
	Ψ 44,007,090	Ψ 10,021,000

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### **DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS**

Lake Babine Nation is a self-governed First Nation Band and operates on Lake Babine Nation traditional territory, located at Burns Lake, BC and area.

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Chartered Accountants.

### (a) Reporting entity principles of financial reporting

The First Nation reporting entity includes the First Nation government and all related entities which are accountable to the First Nation and are either owned or controlled by the First Nation.

The First Nation also prepares Financial Statements that summarize the assets, liabilities and results of operations for the following entities:

1. Lake Babine Nation Health Services Fund

All inter-entity balances have been eliminated.

### (b) Fund accounting

The First Nation uses fund accounting procedures which result in a self-balancing set of accounts for each fund established by legal, contractual, or voluntary actions. The various funds have been amalgamated for the purposes of presentation in the Summary Financial Statements. Detail of the operations of each fund are set out in the supplementary schedules. The First Nation maintains the following funds:

- The Operating Fund which reports the general activities of the First Nation including administration, education, social assistance, natural resource management, operations and maintenance, housing Lake Babine Child and Family, and other miscellaneous programs.
- The Ottawa Trust Fund, which reports the trust funds owned by the Nation and held in trust by the Government of Canada.
- The Equity in Government Business Enterprises fund, which reports the operations of the Nations investments in its government business enterprises on a modified equity basis.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

### (c) Financial instruments

The entity initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value, except for certain non-arm's length transactions.

The entity subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, short term deposits and federal trust funds.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deferred revenue and long term debt.

Fair value is determined by the price that is quoted in an active market. The most recent quote price becomes its new carrying value. When a quoted price in an active market is not available for an equity instrument that is an investment, it is measured at cost.

The Nation does not currently have any financial instruments that are measured at fair value.

### (d) Cash

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and short-term deposits that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, net of bank overdrafts.

### (e) Investments in Government Business Enterprises

Lake Babine Nation's investment in government business enterprises owned or controlled by the First Nation's Council but not dependent on the First Nation for their continuing operations, are accounted for using the modified equity method. Under the modified equity method, the equity method is modified only to the extent that the First Nation entity accounting principles are not adjusted to conform to those of the First Nation. The First Nation's investment in these entities is recorded at cost and increased or decreased for it's proportionate share of the post acquisition earnings, losses and distributions received. Entities accounted for under the modified equity method include:

Burns Lake Native Development Corporation
Lake Babine Economic Development Society
Woyenne Enterprises Ltd.
Talok Fisheries Ltd.
Talok Fisheries Limited Partnership
Lake Babine Nation Forestry Ltd.
Lake Babine Nation Forestry Limited Partnership
Lake Babine Nation Construction Ltd.
Lake Babine Nation Ventures Ltd.
Lake Babine Nation Ventures LP
Nedut'een Development Corp.
Fort Babine Lake Property Ltd.
1203001 B.C. Ltd.
BC First Nations Gaming Revenue Sharing LP

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

### (f) Trust funds

Trust funds are included as revenue in these statements only to the extent they have been received from the First Nation's trust funds. The trust funds arise from monies derived from capital or revenue sources as outlined in Section 62 of the Indian Act. These funds are held in trust in the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Government of Canada and are subject to audit by the Office of the Auditor General of Canada. The management of these funds is primarily governed by Sections 63 to 69 of the Indian Act.

### (g) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement or betterment of the assets. Cost includes overhead directly attributable to construction and development, as well as interest costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of the asset.

Leases that transfer substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee are recorded as capital leases. Accordingly, at the inception of the leases, the tangible capital asset and related lease obligations are recorded at an amount equal to the present value of future lease payments discounted at the lower of the interest rate inherent in the lease contracts and Lake Babine Nation's incremental cost of borrowing.

Amortization is provided for on a declining balance basis based on each asset class' estimated useful lives as follows:

Automotive equipment	30%
Buildings and infrastructure	4%
Computer equipment	30%
Equipment	20%
Fisheries equipment	20%
Water and sewer	5%
Roads and bridges	5%

Tangible capital assets are written down when conditions indicate that they no longer contribute to Lake Babine Nation's ability to provide goods and services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital assets are less than their net book value. The net writedowns are accounted for as expenses in the consolidated statement of operations.

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available to be put into service.

### (h) Impairment of long-lived assets

Long-lived assets are tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when their carrying value exceeds the total undiscounted cash flows expected from their use and eventual disposition. The amount of the impairment loss is determined as excess of the carrying value of the asset over its fair value.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

### (i) Surplus recoveries and deficit funding

Under the terms of funding arrangements, remaining surpluses of certain programs may be recovered by the funding agency, and remaining deficits may be funded by the funding agency. These recoveries and additional fundings are recognized when recovered or received from the funding arrangement.

### (j) Revenue recognition

Revenue and funding are recognized as follows:

i) Government transfers with stipulations are recognized as revenue in the period the transfer is authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met, except when, and to the extent that the transfer gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Any such liability is reduced, and an equivalent amount of revenue is recognized, as the liability is settled.

Government transfers without stipulations are recognized in the period in which the transfer is authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and a reasonable estimate of the amount to be received can be made.

- ii) Housing revenue is recognized based on lower end of market (LEM) rent for CMHC subsidized housing and based on collected receipts for non-subsidized houses. Rents not collected are written off to bad debts.
- iii) Income from investments is recorded on the accrual basis.
- iv) Funding received under the terms of specified use agreements (other than government transfers) is recognized as revenue when the related expenditures are incurred. To the extent that such funding meets the definition of a liability it is recorded as deferred revenue until such time that is is expended.

### (k) Asset classification

Assets are classified as either financial or non-financial. Financial assets are assets that could be used to discharge existing liabilities or to finance future operations. Non-financial assets are acquired, constructed or developed assets that do not provide resources to discharge existing liabilities but are employed to deliver government services, may be consumed in normal operations and are not for resale. Non-financial assets include tangible assets, prepaid expenses and inventory of supplies.

### (I) Net Financial Assets

The Nation's financial statements are presented so as to highlight net financial Assets as the measurement of financial position. The net assets of the Nation is determined by its financial assets less its liabilities. Net assets is comprised of two components, non-financial assets and accumulated surplus.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

### (m) Segments

The First Nation conducts its business through reportable segments. These operating segments are established by senior management to facilitate the achievement of the First Nation's long-term objectives, aid in resource allocation decisions, and to assess operational performance. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributed to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Therefore, certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information.

### (n) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Accounts specifically affected by estimates in these financial statements are allowance for doubtful accounts and accounts receivable impairment. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2022	2021
Internally restricted		
Short term deposit - Premium Investment Savings Account	\$ 42,274,488	\$ 11,668,023
Capital projects	308,578	327,518
	42,583,066	11,995,541
Unrestricted		
Operating	1,738,700	1,656,489
Health	78,942	18,308
Natural Resources Department	101,979	37,324
Social Housing	165,009	219,396
	2,084,630	1,931,517
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 44,667,696	\$ 13,927,058

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 3 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE			
	2	2022	2021
Due from government and funders			
Indigenous Services Canada (ISC)	\$ 2,	313,230	\$ 732,784
Department of Fisheries and Oceans		299,322	311,998
Other First Nation Funding agencies	3,	937,147	1,801,599
Province of British Columbia		453,843	530,848
Government Remittances		80,424	46,446
	7,	083,966	3,423,675
Due from members			
Rent receivable	7,	745,547	6,924,927
Allowance for doubtful accounts - rent receivable	(7.	745,547)	 (6,924,927)
		-	
	\$ 7.	083,966	\$ 3,423,675

### 4. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTERPRISES

- Burns Lake Native Development Corporation (BLNDC), 62.87% ownership
- Woyenne Enterprises Ltd., 100% ownership
- Talok Fisheries Corporation Ltd. (Talok Ltd.), 100% ownership
- Talok Fisheries LP (Talok LP), 99.99% ownership
- Lake Babine Nation Construction Ltd., 100% ownership
- Lake Babine Nation Ventures (GP) Ltd., 100% ownership
- Lake Babine Nation Ventures LP, 99.99% ownership
- Nedut'een Development Corporation, 100% ownership
- Lake Babine Nation Forestry LP, 99.99% ownership
- Lake Babine Nation Forestry Ltd., 100% ownership
- Fort Babine Lake Property Ltd., 100% ownership
- 1203001 B.C. Ltd., 100% ownership
- Lake Babine Economic Development Society (LBEDS) LBEDS acts as an agent to Lake Babine Nation as the Chief and Council hold and exert significant decision making power within the Society.

### Qualification on Audit Report:

The above noted companies have not had a year end completed as at March 31, 2022, and as a result, we were unable to determine whether adjustments were required in respect of investments and advances, other income (charges), excess revenues (expenditures) for the year and fund balances at end of year.

Cash distributions of equity from investments in Government business enterprises are as follows:

	2022	2021
LBN Forestry Services LP	\$ -	\$ 921,473

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 5. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTERPRISES

	2022 Unaudited	2021 Unaudited
Burns Lake Native Development Corporation (62.87%) BLNDC shares, at cost BLNDC share of net assets	\$ 63 4,658,823	\$ 63 4,658,823
	4,658,886	4,658,886
Lake Babine Economic Development Society (100%) Advances to Lake Babine Economic Development Society Lake Babine Economic Development Society, deficiency in net	591,166	591,166
assets	(173,611)	(173,611)
	417,555	417,555
Woyenne Enterprises Ltd. (100%), shares at cost Woyenne Enterprises Ltd., shares at cost	2	2_
Talok Fisheries Ltd. (100%) Talok Fisheries Ltd. shares at cost Talok Fisheries Ltd. share of net assets Advances from Talok Fisheries Ltd.	1 73,937 (2,743)	1 73,937 (4,492)
	71,195	69,446
Talok Fisheries LP (99.99%) Partnership Units LBN share of net assets Advances from Talok Fisheries LP	1,200 373,462 300,028	1,200 373,462 329,228
	674,690	703,890
Lake Babine Nation Forestry LP (99.99%) Advances to Lake Babine Nation Forestry LP LBN share of net assets	3,174 12,093,145	3,174 4,331,421
	12,096,319	4,334,595
1203001 B.C. Ltd. (100%) 1203001 B.C. Ltd. shares, at cost Advances to 1203001 B.C. Ltd.	1 973,029	1 263,136
	973,030	263,137
BC First Nations Gaming Revenue Sharing General Partnership Partnership Units	110	110
Fort Babine Lake Property Ltd. Advances to 1203001 B.C. Ltd.	28,008	· ·
	\$ 18,919,795	\$ 10,447,621

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 6. TRUST FUNDS HELD BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

The Ottawa Trust Accounts arise from monies derived from capital or revenue sources as outlined in Section 62 of the Indian Act. These funds are held in trust in the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Government of Canada and are subject to audit by the Office of the Auditor General of Canada. The management of these funds is primarily governed by Sections 63 to 69 of the Indian Act.

	F	2022 Revenue	2022 e Capital				<b>2021</b> Total	
Surplus, beginning of year Interest earnings	\$	843,936 37,323	\$	801,044 -	\$	1,644,980 37,323	\$	1,542,320 102,660
Surplus, end of year	\$	881,259	\$	801,044	\$	1,682,303	\$	1,644,980

### 7. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	2022	2021
Trades accounts payable Accrued payables Payroll and benefits	\$ 487,172 139,430 1,059,541	\$ 344,275 532,201 673,970
	\$ 1,686,143	\$ 1,550,446

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 8. DEFERRED REVENUE

DEI ERRED REVEROL				
	Marak 04	Funding	Revenue	March 31,
	March 31, 2021	received, 2022	recognized, 2022	2022
	2021	2022	2022	
Indigenous Services Canada (ISC)				
ISC - Nation rebuilding	\$ 398,559	\$	\$ (264,422)	
CPMS 7769 Surplus Account	1,776		悪り	1,776
Village of BL - WTP	377,853		(E)	377,853
A&C Wastewater	16,030		(14,295)	1,735
ACRES Group 2	22,190		(00.007)	22,190
Digitization project	43,974		(29,687)	14,287
COVID 19 Emergency Management	144,811		<b>≔</b> \(	144,811
COVID 19 Special Needs	75,508		<b>≔</b> €	75,508
FNESS - Emergency Training	2,379		(404.570)	2,379
COVID 19 LEDSP-CEDP-ICBF	128,573		(101,573)	161,926
IND Community	520,327		(260,338)	259,989
COVID 19 Base needs	69,240		44.000	174,100
COVID 19 OCI REO	19,862		(4,290)	15,572
COVID 19 Income assistance	256,661		(17,850)	238,811
Asset management system	25,035		(25,035)	
Child and Family Coordinator	281,272		(281,272)	- 0.000.754
Woyenne Drainage	2.32	4,763,323	(2,699,572)	2,063,751
Remediation and waste management		250,000		250,000
	2,384,050	5,253,109	(3,698,334)	3,938,825
Provincial Government				
Joint Forestry Forum	15,673		<b>*</b>	15,673
Community resource coordinator	181,784		(181,784)	-
Negotiation and implementation fund	3,208,091		(1,694,861)	4,528,627
Consultation and engagement	20,000		(265)	19,735
Negotiation agreements	25,000		7	25,000
Infrastructure	999,318		(140,471)	858,847
LMP Project	223,071		(181,024)	42,047
Reconnect Project	75,000		(67,246)	7,754
Foundation agreement	-	29,000,000	(7,000,000)	22,000,000
Crime prevention and remediation	7 <del>2</del>	30,000	· ·	30,000
Bulkley TSA	25	85,000	*	85,000
Lake resiliency project	88	24,000	(#)	24,000
	4,747,937	32,154,397	(9,265,651)	27,636,683

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

04				
Other	70.000			70.000
Tree planting	70,000	400.440	(040,040)	70,000
FNESCS - school bus purchase	191,535	103,440	(216,819)	78,156
FNHA - Mobile support team	147,658	#1	(147,658)	•
First Nation home and community care	201,270	(E)	(3,500)	197,770
OGC - RFS Aboriginal liaison program	95,959	·	(95,959)	-
FNHA - Traditional projects	14,025	<b>=</b> (	(14,025)	#
FNHA - Project COVID 19 emergency	64,313	63,614	-	127,927
PGNAETA Bladerunners	67,543	<b>#</b> :	(32,534)	35,009
NNDAP mental health	235,342	92,970		328,312
Prenatal program	54,315	27,828		82,143
PGNAETA health forum	10,000	更高	Ē	10,000
Family violence prevention	17,871	13,784	<u> </u>	31,655
Child and family coordinator	90,283	<b>=</b> 7.	(90,283)	2
Woyenne Drainage	12,530	¥5	(12,530)	-
FPCC language vitality	₩:	72,500		72,500
<del>}</del>				
	1,272,644	374,136	(613,308)	1,033,472
	\$ 8,404,631	\$ 37,781,642	\$ (13,577,293)	\$ 32,608,980

### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

	2022	2021
Gas Bar term loan bearing interest at prime plus 0.5% per annum, repayable in monthly payments of \$14,445. The loan is secured by general security agreement. The loan matures on July 13, 2043.	\$ 2,254,160	\$ 2,427,500
Safehouse - On-reserve Shelter Enhancement Program loan bearing interest at 0% per annum, forgivable at 1/15th per annum, ending on March 31, 2035.	1,654,048	3 1,772,194
Natural Resource Building term loan bearing interest at prime plus 5.11% per annum, repayable in monthly payments of \$7,920 including interest. The loan is secured by general security agreement. The loan matures on July 13, 2043.	1,246,300	1,276,784
Fort Babine Lodge term loan bearing interest at prime plus 0.0% per annum, repayable in monthly payments once the final draw has been made.	775,525	775,525
Triplex term loan bearing interest at prime plus 1.25% per annum, repayable in monthly payments of \$2,169 excluding interest. The loan is secured by general security agreement. The loan matures on June 30, 2023.	293,443	319,479
Vehicle loan bearing interest at 6.99% per annum, repayable in monthly payments of \$1,081 including interest, due on demand. The loan is secured by specific equipment with a net book value of \$18,623 The loan matures on January 22, 2024.	22,269	33,276
		10

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT, continued

LONG-TERM DEBT, continued		
	2022	2021
Vehicle loan bearing interest at 6.99% per annum, repayable in monthly payments of \$951 including interest, due on demand. The loan is secured by specific equipment with a net book value of \$17,293 The loan matures on January 22, 2024.	19,587	29,269
On-reserve Residential Rehabilitation Assistance Program loan bearing interest at 5.375% per annum. The loan is forgivable over a 5 year period and must be repaid in full including interest should the Nation default on the loan. The loan matures on December 18, 2023.	12,000	24,000
On-reserve Residential Rehabilitation Assistance Program loan bearing interest at 4.875% per annum. The loan is forgivable over a 5 year period and must be repaid in full including interest should the Nation default on the loan. The loan matures on January 15, 2023.	9,874	19,748
Loan repaid during the year		4,783
	\$ 6,287,206	\$ 6,682,558

All of the above On-reserve Residential Rehabilitation Assistance Program loans are secured by promissory notes signed by the Nation stating that the loans are forgiven on a straight line basis over the period of the loan should they remain in compliance with the agreements. If the Nation is not in compliance, the principal plus any accrued interest becomes due on demand. As at March 31, 2022 the Nation was in compliance with the agreements.

	2022	2021
Interest expense for the year on long-term debt	\$ 167,762	\$ 180,582

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 10. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	Cost	Additions	Disposals		umulated ortization	2022 Net book value
Land	\$ 4,743,539	\$ •	\$ iii)	\$	2	\$ 4,743,539
Buildings and infrastructure	54,700,709	666,420	520	3(	6,393,077	18,974,052
Automotive equipment	2,108,965	520,376	-		1,240,128	1,389,219
Computer equipment	1,099,908	165,142			745,305	519,745
Equipment	2,327,041	70,730	-	:	2,103,079	294,692
Fisheries equipment	249,903	251,249			196,396	304,756
Water and sewer	14,217,780	92,042	·	-	7,094,082	7,215,740
Roads and bridges	5,406,815	3,058,350	-		3,516,474	4,948,691
· <del></del>						
	\$ 84,854,660	\$ 4,824,309	\$ 	\$ 5	1,288,541	\$ 38,390,434
	Cost	Additions	Disposals		cumulated ortization	2021 Net book value
Land Buildings and	\$ 4,743,539	\$ 170	\$	\$	<u>.</u>	\$ 4,743,539
infrastructure	54,485,227	215,482	:40	3	5,611,415	19,089,294
Automotive equipment	1,668,254	539,017	98,306		1,010,888	1,098,077
Computer equipment	749,200	350,708	586		581,254	518,654
Equipment	2,272,387	54,654	: <b>+</b> .:	:	2,036,788	290,253
Fisheries equipment	249,903	9#65			160,168	89,735
Water and sewer	12,632,670	1,585,110	(#)		6,714,306	7,503,474
Roads and bridges	5,279,419	127,396			3,257,673	2,149,142
	\$ 82,080,599	\$ 2,872,367	\$ 98,306	\$ 4	9,372,492	\$ 35,482,168

Buildings under construction in the amount of \$154,666 (2021 - \$1,671,478) are included in Buildings and Infrastructure and will not be amortized until construction is complete.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 11. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

	2022	2021
Restricted Equity in Investments in Government business enterprises Equity in Ottawa Trust Funds	\$ 17,020,739 2,057,108	\$ 9,259,015 2,019,784
	19,077,847	11,278,799
Unrestricted Operating equity	51,202,892	36,071,827
	\$ 70,280,739	\$ 47,350,626

### 12. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Lake Babine Nation has entered into contribution agreements with various federal government departments. Funding received under these contribution agreements is subject to repayment if the First Nation fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the agreements.

Nation has an Bank indebtedness consists of operating line of credit authorized to \$150,000 bearing interest at prime plus 2.65% per annum, and is unsecured.

In addition, in the normal course of its operations, Lake Babine Nation becomes involved in legal actions. Some of these potential liabilities may become actual liabilities when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. To the extent that the future event is likely to occur, and a reasonable estimate of the loss can be made, an estimated liability is accrued and an expense recorded on Lake Babine Nation's financial statements. In managements opinions there are no losses resulting in the accrual of a liability present as at the date of the audit report.

### 13. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

Lake Babine Nation receives a significant portion of its revenue pursuant to a funding agreement with Indigenous Services Canada. The Nation's ability to operate certain programs depends on the continuation of this funding.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 14. GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS

		2022	
	Operating	Capital	Total
Federal government transfers Indigenous Services Canada (ISC) OGC - Capacity Funding Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation Department of Fisheries and Oceans Pacific Salmon Commission	\$ 16,781,458 145,758 9,359 987,832 230,097	\$ 4,733,323 - - - - -	\$ 21,514,781 145,758 9,359 987,832 230,097
Total Provincial government transfers	18,154,504 14,221,182	4,733,323	22,887,827 14,221,182
	\$ 32,375,686	\$ 4,733,323	\$ 37,109,009
		2021	
	Operating	Capital	Total
Federal government transfers Indigenous Services Canada (ISC) OGC - Capacity Funding Department of Fisheries and Oceans Government of Canada	\$ 14,066,803 111,202 551,023 492,299	\$ 933,920 - - -	\$ 15,000,723 111,202 551,023 492,299
Total Provincial government transfers	15,221,327 9,874,264	933,920	16,155,247 9,874,264
	\$ 25,095,591	\$ 933,920	\$ 26,029,511

### 15. EMPLOYMENT RETIREMENT PLAN

The First Nation has a defined contribution plan for its employees. Participation in the pension plan is available to substantially all employees. Employees may contribute between 3% and 8% of their gross pay with the organization making a matching contribution to the plan. Any voluntary amounts paid by the employee are not matched. Total employer contributions for 2022 were \$242,458 (2021 - \$210,530).

### 16. BUDGETED FIGURES

Budgeted figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the estimates provided by management, and were approved by Chief and Council on March 28, 2021.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 17. COVID-19

On March 1, 2020, the World Health Organization categorized Covid-19 as a pandemic. The potential effects within the First Nations environment and in the global markets due to the possible disruption in supply chains, and measures being introduced at various levels of government to curtail the spread of the virus could have a material impact on the First Nation's operations.

The extent of the impact of this outbreak and related containment measures on the First Nation are unknown at this time

### 18. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted in the current period.

### 19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below. The required disclosures provide information that assists users of the financial statements in assessing the extent of risk related to financial instruments.

### (a) Credit Risk

The Band is exposed to credit risk from their investment in Lake Babine Economic Development Society ("LBEDS"), which is in the same geographical area and does significant business with members of the Nation. The Nation has advanced significant amounts to LBEDS to assist with start up and construction costs, and payroll, management considers their risk of collection of these receivables to be acceptable and appropriately managed.

### (b) Interest rate risk

The band is exposed to interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that the band has interest rate exposure on its bank contingent liabilities, and long-term debt, which are variable based on the bank's prime rates. This exposure may have an effect on its earnings in future periods. The band reduces its exposure to interest rate risk by regularly monitoring published bank prime interest rates which have been relatively stable over the period presented. There are some loans that are at fixed term rates and do not affect interest rate risk. The band does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to interest rate risk. In the opinion of management the interest rate risk to the band is low and is not material.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 20. EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT

E		2022 Budget		2022 Actual	2021 Actual
Administration fees	\$	961,552	\$	69,033	\$ 1,704
Advertising	•	35,300	•	21,316	19,060
Amortization				1,916,043	1,411,847
Awards day		21,000		13,149	19,569
Bad debts		<b>⊕</b> √		1,723,155	975,471
Capital purchases		161,971		<u></u>	200
Catering		124,100		137,977	65,557
Christmas		65,200		66,862	69,039
Community Support		165,900		319,914	134,681
Contracted services		893,492		451,163	740,724
Equipment leases and rentals		52,177		118,018	62,681
Fees		89,005		252,436	573,203
Field trips		8,000		4,598	2,806
Fuel and oil		93,400		79,412	70,202
GST (Recovery)		-			(280,841)
General operating expense		96.000		119,624	28,880
Honorarium		611,184		1,333,442	912,098
Incentives		105,500		162,327	107,200
Insurance		180,590		448,797	410,785
Interest and bank charges		77,739		209,467	217,967
Janitorial		-		16,514	175
Meeting expenses		514,363		163,294	168,089
Nutrition		163,000		237,451	160,260
Other expense		412,934		356,949	387,602
Professional development		80,800		98,460	60,581
Professional fees		323,148		1,487,045	1,167,683
Property taxes		355		3,829	11,848
Purchases		10,000		6,746	2,446
Rent		275,932		329,307	327,106
Repairs and maintenance		785,440		1,251,314	1,090,517
Social assistance and support		1,779,898		1,746,740	2,053,632
Supplies		578,853		2,487,345	1,525,756
Traditional food		42,379		43,979	28,442
Training		15,255		282,745	70,112
Travel		1,535,484		2,160,899	1,051,123
Tuitions and allowances		2,853,825		3,182,087	2,932,135
Utilities and telephone		776,704		944,128	842,741
Wages and benefits		7,957,336		11,517,194	10,240,270
Wood delivery		89,400		121,271	109,883
ood convol				,	,
	\$	21,937,216	\$	33,884,030	\$ 27,772,859

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 21. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Lake Babine Nation is a First Nation organization that provides a wide range of services to its members including social, education, housing, capital, economic development and community services. For management reporting purposes, the Nation's operations and activities are organized and reported by segments. Segments were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The Nation's services are provided by departments and their activities are recorded in these funds. Certain departments that have been disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, are as follows:

### Operations

The Operations program provides administration support to the First Nation. Those costs that relate directly to the administration of the various segments have been allocated to the appropriate segment.

### Education

The Education program provides primary and secondary instructional services and financial support to eligible post-secondary First Nations students.

### Economic Development

The Economic Development program provides planning and capacity development initiatives under various agreements.

### Natural Resource Management

The Natural Resources program administers and oversees natural resource based projects.

### Social Housing

The Housing program provides on-reserve housing to eligible members under the CMHC housing programs for First Nations, and reports on the respective revenue and expenditures.

### Health Services

The Health program provides a variety of health and wellness programs and support to First Nation members.

### Social Development

The Social Development program Administers the provision of social assistance to qualifying First Nation members, as well as providing social development programs to the First Nation.

### Capital

The Capital program administers the development of new capital projects and infrastructure programs on the reserve.

### Operations and Maintenance

The Operations and Maintenance program provides regular maintenance services throughout the First Nation.

### Fisheries

The Fisheries program administers fishing operations, habitat restoration, and research on First Nation land.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

### 21. SEGMENTED INFORMATION, continued

### Child and Family Services

The Child and Family Services program provides special needs and prevention services to the First Nations members

### Equity in First Nation Investments

The Equity in First Nation Investments program includes all activity from investments in other entities by the First Nation.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

	ccoc	Operations	2007	LBN Edi	LBN Education Program	n 2007	Econom	Economic Development	2024
	Budget	Actual	Actual	2022 Budget	Actual	Actual	Budget	Actual	Actual
Revenues Indigenous Services Canada Provincial Government Other Aboriginal Groups Band Generated Interest income Administration fee Transfer from deferred revenue Other revenue	6,000 1,219,237 10,000 2,007,517	7,074,178 \$ 7,048,529 8,400 288,761 82,995 113,753 (8,314,914)	1,713,540 \$ 1,150,206 439,820 5,000 103,510 1,276 1,305,283 (809,768)	5,818,248 \$ 728,352	5,721,335 \$ 906,355 2,640,653 23,823	5,542,570 \$ 955,368 2,631,994 3,775 (235,358)	155,070 \$ 25,000 123,636 303,706	156,046 \$ 2,199,813 243,051 - 100 2,599,010	152,986 2,278,816 167,447 56,351
Administration fees Administration fees Capital purchases Contracted services Professional fees Repairs and maintenance Travel Wages and benefits Other expenses	2,800 75,739 82,325 132,288 10,200 426,050 1,416,818	2,800 (922,508) 3,423 222,918 30,841 170,146 1,670,425 2,423,922	(371,661) 113,624 271,468 150,735 84,669 1,918,426 1,815,806	413,688 15,500 2,500 17,750 61,000 2,734,728 3,336,059	15,404 332,801 17,782 5,502 195,821 141,430 3,604,007 4,839,100	(124,995) 1,510 240 98,152 47,673 3,573,250 3,632,213	15,000 1,332 8,600 2,990 12,000 183,585 213,255	2,129 60,000 14 1,287 6,331 147,918 343,480	15,299 
Total expenses	3,774,338	3,601,967	3,983,067	6,581,225	9,151,847	7,228,043	436,762	561,159	423,559
Recoveries Other income (expenses)	(1,766,821)	2,699,735 (9,963) 9,963	(74,200)	(34,625)	408,332 (15,921) 15,921	1,670,306	(133,056)	2,037,851 (2,342)	2,232,041
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (1,766,821)\$	2,699,735 \$	(74,200)\$	(34,625)\$	408,332 \$	1,670,306 \$	(133,056)\$	2,035,509 \$	2,232,041

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

		Natural Res	Resource Management	nent		Social Housing Fund			Health Services Fund	
		2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2021 Actual	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2021 Actual	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2021 Actual
Down										
Indigenous Services Canada	G.	65	65	65	378.656 \$	581.039 \$	65	4	69	,
Federal Government	<b>&gt;</b>	5 34	) /X		***	9,359	: 04			- 40
Provincial Government		: :9		÷.		76	- 24	8	103,045	000'09
Other Aboriginal Groups			•	ě	Ē	×		3,633,192	4,343,331	5,483,267
Band Generated		i 90	( A)	í	700,000	1,490,321	1,124,003	ŧ	¥.	*
Interest income		×		è	Ţ	74	70	Ĭ.	*	×
Transfer from deferred revenue Other revenue		709,167	12,108,440	5,009,252	9- E	24   48	926	9 6	165,183 (184,412)	269,691 (701,672)
Total revenue		709,167	12,108,440	5,009,252	1,078,656	2,080,793	1,124,999	3,633,192	4,427,147	5,111,286
Administration fees		х	,	,	ü	(0)	427	91,946	(6,987)	(10,000)
Amortization		1)	17	()	14	15,069	15,588	7.6	215,278	99,313
Capital purchases			i	1	540	(00)	ueli	48,400	_	(251,929)
Contracted services		к	ũ	*	*1	*		111,663	52,593	346,999
Professional fees		×	Ĭ	*	W.	13,445	7,500	9,500	9,500	9,500
Repairs and maintenance			ij	ji	469,400	571,078	462,358	120,900	228,184	114,874
Travel		*0	Ŷ.	6	20,000	950'9	5,327	848,165	1,371,211	779,681
Wages and benefits		×	ž	×	485,600	309,555	353,022	1,533,586	2,203,260	1,850,072
Other expenses		972,242	3,148,279	2,564,561	79,100	1,279,636	1,261,071	1,009,550	1,356,822	916,071
Total expenses		972,242	3,148,279	2,564,561	1,054,100	2,194,839	2,105,293	3,773,710	5,426,862	3,854,581
		(263,075)	8,960,161	2,444,691	24,556	(114,046)	(980,294)	(140,518)	(989,715)	1,256,705
Recoveries Other income (expenses)		19 <b>4</b> 9 <b>1</b> 2	( <b>0</b> ) (0)	9 0	o e	(5,088) 145,108	450,001	( · ()	ca (746)	7,280
Annual surplus (deficit)	69	(263,075)\$	8,960,161 \$	2.444.691 \$	24,556 \$	25,974 \$	(530,293)\$	(140,518)\$	(999,715)\$	1,263,985

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

		LBN Soc	Social Development	=	Capit	Capital Projects 500		Operation	Operations & Maintenance	ø
		2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2021 Actual	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2021 Actual	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2021 Actual
Revenues Indigenous Services Canada Federal Government Band Generated Interest income Transfer from deferred revenue Other revenue	Ф	2,967,898 \$	3,640,820 \$	4,012,823 \$	946,518 \$	1,332,814 \$ 480 5,977	973,920 \$ 493,085 553 1,300,118	780,304 \$	1,473,691 \$	1,192,579
Total revenue		2,967,898	3,645,636	3,744,491	946,518	1,339,271	2,742,641	1,320,565	1,758,527	1,463,835
Expenses Administration fees Amortization		297,565	999 10 M C	6 K I	94,644	1,632,330	94,680 1,263,493	£ 8 3	, c	42° W 10
Contracted services Professional fees			000	( ) ( )	699,504 8,160	285,282 25,644	215,995 65,116	(0)	200	(500) AC
Repairs and maintenance Travel Wages and benefits Other expenses		1,000 33,957 539,474 2,075,902	220 18,005 283,242 2,024,190	825 15,061 316,141 2,340,160	19,200 108,810 16,200	9,228 67,192 94,588	5,324 63,838 12,125	163,200 5,400 467,160 684,805	209,710 4,696 492,552 739,143	175,634 1,663 471,227 721,476
Total expenses		2,967,898	2,328,323	2,672,187	946,518	2,297,753	1,720,571	1,320,565	1,448,769	1,370,000
Recoveries Other income (expenses)		€ 3€ 3€	1,317,313 (36,609) 36,609	1,072,304	W W W	(958,482) (7,632) 7,632	1,022,070	6.8.9	309,758 (10,390) 10,390	93,835
Annual surplus (deficit)	↔	49	1,317,313 \$	1,072,304 \$	€9	(958,482)\$	1,022,070 \$	\$	309,758 \$	93,835

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2022

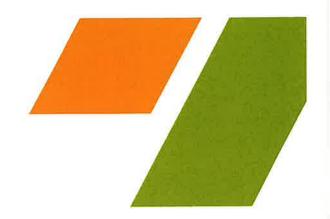
			Fish	Fisheries Fund		Natural Re	Natural Resources Department	ment	Equity in	First Natio	n Investr	nents
		2022 Budget		2022 Actual	2021 Actual	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2021 Actual	2022 2021 Budget Actual Actua	2022 Actual		2021 Actual
Revenies												
Indigenous Services Canada	49	i.e	↔	9	9	359,167 \$	\$ 000'\$22	1,080,413 \$		€9	69	/#
Federal Government		172		1,217,929	550,237	,	145,758	111,202	Ģ		10	D*
Provincial Government		. 90		•	41		3,846,009	5,244,263	¢			3.85
Other Aboriginal Groups		*:		*	v	ж	*	100,000	r			
Band Generated		18		).	7,359		.*	39,600	¥			×
Transfer from deferred revenue		j		9	90,451	((*	868,353	1,242,236				et.
Other revenue				93,577	5,500	(359,167)	(5,635,120)	(7,817,714)	e			, to
Total revenue		ä		1,311,506	653,547	,	Œ	8	4			
Expenses												
Administration fees		Ť		25,034	38,278	35,922	25,495	349,676	¥			ā
Amortization		j		53,366	33,453	)( <b>*</b>		į.	4%			ä
Capital purchases				Ė	ĸ	1,000	50,857	1	10002		0.00	•
Contracted services		ï		ř	r	×	13,444	52,398	к		10	Ī
Professional fees		*		109,625	51,825	162,100	1,049,704	729,711	×		,	8
Repairs and maintenance		i i		į	(( <b>*</b>	)7*	5,293	6,464	•			ì
Travel				50,445	6,126	91,310	94,531	41,415	(4))			Ã
Wages and benefits		ì		562,467	280,936	418,106	1,467,423	920,026	e			ij
Other expenses		*		306,028	92,140	(708,438)	(2,706,747)	(2,099,690)	×		,	*
Total expenses		9		1,106,965	502,758	. 10		T.	((0))			٠
2		,		204 541	150 789	13.5	(*	3				
Recoveries		•				5	,	-14	39			8
Other income (expenses)		0.80		(1 - <b>3</b> 2)	E #0	Ţ	9	46	100	7,761	7,761,724	2,373,784
Annual surplus (deficit)	69		↔	204,541 \$	150,789 \$	\$		9	10.	\$ 7,761	7,761,724 \$	2,373,784

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2022

			aty N	Treaty Negotiation Fund	Fund			Lake Babine C	Lake Babine Child & Family Services	ervices		Consolidated totals	
		2022 Budget		2022 Actual		2021 Actual		2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2021 Actual	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2021 Actual
Bayanilas													
Indiapous Services Capada	€	,	<del>U</del>	,	e		¥	109 858 \$	759 858 ¢	331 892 €	12 287 999 \$	21 514 781 \$	15 000 723
mulgenous dervices danada	<del>)</del>		<del>)</del>	e	<del>)</del>	Ē,	<del>)</del>	9 000,00	000'00'	⇒ 700°-	÷ 000' 107'7	÷ 07'1-0'-7	27.000,0
Federal Government		x		ĸ		Ê		*	×	κ	ř.	1,373,046	1,154,524
Provincial Government		×		3		1			117,431	185,611		14,221,182	9,874,264
Other Aboriginal Groups		90		æ		ĝ		(0)	1,475,686	1,413,281	4,361,544	8,459,670	10,068,362
Band Generated		r		•		Ü			ŕ		892,400	2,050,431	1,618,440
Interest income		90		20		*					*	289,315	104,133
Administration fee		э		×				*	×	:#	1,219,237	82,995	1,276
Transfer from deferred revenue		0		\\ <b>!</b>		34		Į.	(%	121.042	(8	1,299,179	4,329,021
Other revenue		65		С		6)		550	371,555	(281,172)	862,497	(1,433,858)	(5,067,222)
Total revenue		æ				)))		109,858	2,724,530	1,770,654	19,623,677	47,856,741	37,083,521
Expenses													
Administration fees		0		,		,		9 987	10 287	10 000	961.552	69 033	1 704
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR								5			1000	1 016 043	1 111 817
Afrikalika										1 1	70,00	0+0'0-6'-	7+0'+'-
Capital purchases		0)		Ö,		ij		r	347,900	251,929	161,971		(67)
Contracted services		x		ï				¥ñ.	18,637	10,198	893,492	451,163	740,724
Professional fees		э		ŝ		•		¥	50,693	6,941	323,148	1,487,045	1,167,683
Repairs and maintenance		Q.		Ĭ		9		1.6	8,880	73,510	785,440	1,251,314	1,090,532
Travel		62		Ĉ		1)		18,402	288,820	60,408	1,535,484	2,160,899	1,051,123
Wages and benefits		×		ř		٠		69,469	709,153	377,825	7,957,336	11,517,194	10,240,270
Other expenses		*		•		*		12,000	1,182,897	557,428	9,318,793	15,031,338	12,068,976
Total constant								100 050	7 6 1 7 9 6 7	1 2/0 220	21 037 216	33 884 030	77 77 850
l otal expenses		•	1	(6)	1	5	١	000'601	102,110,2	607'040'1	012,106,12	000,+00,00	21,112,003
		.*		ž		3		æ	107,263	422,415	(2,313,539)	13,972,711	9,310,662
Other income (expenses)		31		į.				79	()*		***	(87,945)	*
Other income (expenses)		*		Ŷ		į		e	. 30	9		7,987,347	2,831,065
,					l								
Annual surplus (deficit)	49		69	ě	69	3	69	69	107,263 \$	422,415 \$	(2,313,539)\$	21,872,113 \$	12,141,727





### INDEPENDENT PRACTITIONER'S REVIEW ENGAGEMENT REPORT

We have reviewed the accompanying Schedule of Remuneration and Expenses – Elected Officials of Lake Babine Nation (the 'Schedule') for the year ended March 31, 2022. The Schedule has been prepared by management of Lake Babine Nation, in accordance with the provisions of Section 7.3 of the Indigenous Services Canada Financial Reporting Requirements.

### Management's Responsibility for the Schedule

Management is responsible for the preparation of the Schedule in accordance with the provisions of Section 7.3 of the Indigenous Services Canada Financial Reporting Requirements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the Schedule that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Practitioner's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the accompanying Schedule based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Canadian generally accepted standards for review engagements, which require us to comply with relevant ethical requirements.

A review of the Schedule in accordance with Canadian generally accepted standards for review engagements is a limited assurance engagement. The practitioner performs procedures, primarily consisting of making inquiries of management and others within the entity, as appropriate, and applying analytical procedures, and evaluates the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in a review are substantially less in extent than, and vary in nature from, those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the Schedule.

### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Schedule is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the provisions of Section 7.3 of the Indigenous Services Canada Financial Reporting Requirements.

### Basis of accounting

Without modifying our conclusion, we draw attention to the fact that the Schedule is prepared to assist Lake Babine Nation to comply with the financial reporting requirements of Section 7.3 of the Indigenous Services Canada Financial Reporting Requirements. As a result the Schedule may not be suitable for another purpose.

Prince George, BC September 28, 2022 DMC Chartered Professional Accountants Inc.

### ANNEX B

### Schedule of Remuneration and Expenses (Chiefs and Coluncilors)

### Name of Recipient: LAKE BABINE NATION For the Year Ended March 31, 2022

Name of Individual	Position Title	Number of Months [Note 1]	Remuneration [Note 2]	Expenses [Note 3]
Murphy Abraham	Chief	9	79,838	28,371
Gordon Alec	Chief	3	23,420	
Derek Macdonald	Deputy Chief	12	62,000	6,127
Murphy Abraham	Woyenne Councillor	3	12,000	
Melvin Joseph	Woyenne Councillor	12	50,000	8,224
Debbie West	Woyenne Councillor	9	38,000	4,956
Jason Charlie	Woyenne Councillor	9	38,000	5,498
Cheyenne Dennis	Woyenne Councillor	3	17,030	
Dolores Alec	Tachet Councillor	3	12,000	917
Wayne Johnson	Tachet Councillor	9	38,000	8,063
Millie Alec-George	Tachet Councillor	9	37,700	7,051
Shane Modine	Tachet Councillor	3	13,757	403
Bessie West	Fort Babine Councillor	12	49,700	11,573
John West	Fort Babine Councillor	3	13,975	737
Robbie Reid	Fort Babine Councillor	9	38,000	12,509
Verna Power	Old Fort Councillor	12	50,000	17,725

<sup>1.</sup> The number of months during the fiscal year that the individual was a chief or councillor.

Examples are provided in the supporting document which accompanies this document on ISC's Internet site entitled: "Supplementary Information".

3. As per the First Nations Financial Transparency Act:

"expenses" includes the costs of transportation, accommodation, meals, hospitality and incidental expenses.

<sup>2.</sup> As per the First Nations Financial Transparency

<sup>&</sup>quot;remuneration" means any salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, fees, honoraria and dividends and any other monetary benefits

<sup>—</sup> other than the reimbursement of expenses — and non-monetary benefits.