RECONCILIATION OF INDIGENOUS SERVICES CANADA (ISC) FUNDING CONFIRMATION REPORT REVENUE WITH STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS/INCOME STATEMENT REVENUE 2018/2019 FISCAL YEAR

Recipient Name	Recipient #
Lake Babine Nation	607
ISC Revenue per Consolidated Statement of Operations / Income Statement	\$12,107,707
Explanations:	Adjustments:
	Add / (Subtract)
less: Prior Year Deferred Revenue	\$
add: Current Year Deferred Revenue	
Net Adjustments	\$0
ISC Funding Confirmation Report - Net Funding Arrangement Budget (see Note 1)	\$12,107,707

Note 1: Includes INAC Current Payable At Year End (PAYE)
Excludes BCTC Treaty Loans
Excludes Recoveries for the prior year
Includes Reimbursements for the prior year

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2019



MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

MARCH 31, 2019

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Lake Babine Nation are the responsibility of management and have been approved by Chief and Council.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards prescribed for governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants and as such include amounts that are the best estimates and judgments of management.

Management is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of these statements and for implementing and maintaining a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that reliable financial information is produced.

The Council is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the consolidated financial statements.

The Council meets periodically with management, as well as the external auditors, to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues, to satisfy themselves that each party is properly discharging their responsibilities, and to review the consolidated financial statements and the external auditor's report.

The external auditors, DMC Chartered Professional Accountants Inc., conduct an independent examination, in accordance with Canadian auditing standards, and express their opinion on the consolidated financial statements. The external auditors have full and free access to financial management of Lake Babine Nation and meet when required.

On behalf of Lake Babine Nation:

APPPROVED BY:

Gordon Alec, Chief July 29 2019

Melvin Joseph, Woyenne Council July 29 2019

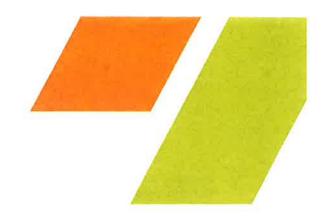
Karl Vandegoede, Finance Director July 29 2019

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Lake Babine Nation

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Lake Babine Nation, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2019, and the consolidated consolidated statements of revenue, expenditures and accumulated surplus, change in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

Except as noted in the following paragraph, in our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the First Nation as at March 31, 2019 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We were unable to obtain sufficeint audit evidence for the First Nation's investments, specifically the investment in Burns Lake Native Development Corporation (BLNDC), Talok Fisheries LP, Talok Fisheries Ltd., Lake Babine Forestry LP, Lake Babine Forestry Ltd. and Lake Babine Economic Development Society. As a result, we are not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to these investments, other income or ending surplus on schedule 875 Equity in First Nations Investments.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the First Nation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the First Nation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the First Nation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the First Nation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the First Nation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
 activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are
 responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely
 responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

VMC Chartered Professional accountants inc.

Prince George, British Columbia July 29, 2019

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

MARCH 31, 2019

	2019	2018
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash (Note 2)	\$ 1,991,276	\$ 1,586,146
Short term deposits (Note 2)	481,407	2,138,896
Restricted cash (Note 2)	293,077	867,513
Accounts receivable (Note 3)	2,389,502	1,781,043
Due from government agencies (Note 4)	269,469	179,662
Loans receivable (Note 5)	76,400	92,399
Inventory held for resale (Note 6)	21,808	21,808
Long term receivable	\ <u>#</u>	162,000
Investment in First Nation Entities (Notes 7, 8)	4,878,403	4,208,762
Federal trust funds (Note 9)	1,463,799	1,441,273
	11,865,141	12,479,502
LIABILITIES		
Bank indebtedness (Note 10)	36,789	68,246
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 11)	2,405,599	2,427,320
Deferred revenue (Note 12)	1,268,561	431,696
Long-term debt (Note 13)	15,983,071	13,178,180
	19,694,020	16,105,442
NET DEBT	(7,828,879)	(3,625,940)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible Capital Assets (Note 14)	29,176,045	26,429,741
Prepaid expenses	103,970	204,776
	29,280,015	26,634,517
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 15)	\$ 21,451,136	\$ 23,008,577

Contingent Liabilities (Note 16) Economic Dependence (Note 17) Subsequent Events (Note 20)

APPPROVED BY:

Gordon Alec, Chief

Melvin Joseph, Woyenne Council

Karl Vandegoede, Finance Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET DEBT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2018 Actual
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (4,888,539)	\$ (1,557,441) \$	S 1,596,430
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	(3,594,470) - - -	(3,922,190) 1,159,500 8,886 7,500	(3,382,306) 1,136,280 (9,980) 27,193
	(3,594,740)	(2,746,304)	(2,228,813)
Acquisition of prepaid asset Use of prepaid asset	(100,526) 201,332	(100,526) 201,332	(112,909) 60,050
N-	100,806	100,806	(52,859)
Loan proceeds repayable	Œ)#	(585,867)
Decrease in net financial assets	(8,382,473)	(4,202,939)	(1,271,109)
NET DEBT AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	Rec	(3,625,940)	(2,354,831)
NET DEBT AT END OF YEAR	\$ "=	\$ (7,828,879)	3,625,940)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

REVENUE Federal government transfers (Note 18) Frovincial government (Note 18) Fro	Revenue		2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2018 Actual
Federal government transfers (Note 18)	Federal government transfers (Note 18) \$9,913,943 \$12,944,496 \$11,549, Provincial government transfers (Note 18) 590,933 3,454,253 6,470, Administration fee		Budget	Actual	Actual
Federal government transfers (Note 18)	Federal government transfers (Note 18) \$ 9,913,943 \$ 12,944,496 \$ 11,549, Provincial government transfers (Note 18) 590,933 3,454,253 6,470, Administration fee	REVENUE			
Provincial government transfers (Note 18)	Provincial government transfers (Note 18)		\$ 9.913.943	\$ 12,944,496	\$ 11,549,508
Administration fee Band Generated 1,639,680 1,685,811 1,283,926 1,685,811 1,283,926 6,6423 84,876 Miscellaneous 260,496 501,872 556,510 Other Aboriginal Groups 4,124,686 6,357,320 5,344,953 Transfer from deferred revenue 312,356 289,821 1,816,939 Transfer to deferred revenue 312,356 289,821 1,816,939 26,854,920 277,851 1,852,555 1,275,279 279 279,858 279 279,858 279 279,858 279 279,858 279 279,858 279 279,858 279 279,858 279 279,858 279 279,858 279 279,858 279 279,858 279 279,858 279,859 279,85	Administration fee Band Generated Interest income Generated Generated Generated Generated Generated Generated revenue	Provincial government transfers (Note 18)			
Band Generated 1,639,680 1,685,811 1,283,926 Interest income	Band Generated 1,639,680 1,685,811 1,283, Interest income - 60,423 84, Miscellaneous 260,496 501,872 556, Other Aboriginal Groups 4,124,666 6,357,320 5,344, Transfer from deferred revenue 312,356 289,821 1,816, Transfer to deferred revenue - (1,073,907) (271, 16,842,074 24,226,089 26,854, EXPENDITURES		*	7	
Interest income Miscellaneous Algorithm	Interest income Miscellaneous Other Aborginal Groups A 1,124,666 Cother Aborginal Groups A 1,124,666 Transfer from deferred revenue Transfer to deferred revenue Transfer to deferred revenue Transfer to deferred revenue 16,842,074 16,842,074 24,226,089 26,854, EXPENDITURES Operations A 3,588,712 Operations A 4,10,753 A 5,586,994 A 6,695, B 5,094 A 1,00,975 A 1,552,555 A 1,275, Natural Resource Management A 1,777,648 B 17,738 B 800,728 B 817,738 A 1,299,688 A 3,633 A 1,899 A 1,289,688 A 3,633 A 1,299,688 A 3,633 A 1,299 A 1,299,688 A 1,299,688 A 3,633 A 1,299 A 1,299,688 A 1,299,688 A 1,299 A 1,299,688 A 1,299,688 A 1,299 A 1,299,688 A 1,299,688 A 1,299 A 1,299,688 A 1,299 A 1,29		1.639.680	1.685.811	
Miscellaneous 260,496 501,872 556,510 Other Aboriginal Groups 4,124,666 6,357,320 5,344,953 Transfer from deferred revenue 312,356 289,821 1,816,939 Transfer to deferred revenue - (1,073,907) (271,184) (1,073,907) (271,184)	Miscellaneous		***		
Other Aboriginal Groups 4,124,666 6,357,320 5,344,953 Transfer from deferred revenue 312,356 289,821 1,816,939 Transfer from deferred revenue 16,842,074 24,226,089 26,854,920 EXPENDITURES 16,842,074 24,226,089 26,854,920 EXPENDITURES Operations 3,588,712 3,303,955 3,037,853 LBN Education Program 4,410,753 6,656,994 6,695,312 Economic Development 1,760,975 1,525,255 1,275,279 Natural Resource Management 4,13,580 2,258,234 2,633,903 Social Housing Fund 1,777,648 817,938 800,503 Health Services Fund 3,037,386 2,473,129 2,371,886 Capital Projects 500 911,749 1,516,750 1,672,938 Operations & Maintenance 1,185,865 1,389,130 1,277,531 Fisheries Fund 800,728 863,270 854,468 Treaty Negotiation Fund - (2,636,785 25,348,439 24,830,047 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER </td <td>Other Aboriginal Groups 4,124,666 6,357,320 5,344, Transfer from deferred revenue - (1,073,907) (271, 271, 271, 271, 397) EXPENDITURES 16,842,074 24,226,089 26,854, 265, 264, 267, 271, 275, 271, 271, 271, 271, 271, 271, 271, 271</td> <td></td> <td>260.496</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Other Aboriginal Groups 4,124,666 6,357,320 5,344, Transfer from deferred revenue - (1,073,907) (271, 271, 271, 271, 397) EXPENDITURES 16,842,074 24,226,089 26,854, 265, 264, 267, 271, 275, 271, 271, 271, 271, 271, 271, 271, 271		260.496		
Transfer from deferred revenue Transfer to deferred revenue 16,842,074 16,842,074 24,226,089 26,854,920 EXPENDITURES Operations JSBN Education Program JKG,975 LBN Education Program JKG,975 Natural Resource Management JKG,975 JKG,975 Natural Resource Management JKG,975 JKG,97	Transfer from deferred revenue 312,356 289,821 1,816, (1,073,907) (271,				
Transfer to deferred revenue	Transfer to deferred revenue				
16,842,074 24,226,089 26,854,920	16,842,074 24,226,089 26,854,		0.12,000	•	(271,184)
EXPENDITURES Coperations	SEXPENDITURES Coperations Company Comp		46 942 074	24 226 080	26 854 020
Operations	Operations		10,042,074	24,220,009	20,654,920
Operations	Operations	EXPENDITURES			
LBN Education Program	LBN Education Program		3.588,712	3,303,955	3,037,853
Economic Development 1,760,975 1,552,555 1,275,279 Natural Resource Management 413,580 2,258,234 2,633,903 Social Housing Fund 1,777,648 817,938 800,503 Health Services Fund 3,749,389 4,289,688 3,633,499 LBN Social Development 3,037,386 2,473,129 2,371,886 Capital Projects 500 911,749 1,516,750 1,672,938 Operations & Maintenance 1,185,865 1,389,130 1,277,531 Fisheries Fund 800,728 863,270 854,468 Treaty Negotiation Fund - 226,796 576,875 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER ITEMS (4,888,539) (1,122,350) 2,024,871 OTHER ITEMS - (19,549) (520,953 Insurance Proceeds 249,870 Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets - (8,886 9,980 Forgiveness of debt - 18,607 - (162,000) - EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER - (435,091) (428,441 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXECUTE ON TOTAL TO	Economic Development 1,760,975 1,552,555 1,275 Natural Resource Management 413,580 2,258,234 2,633 Social Housing Fund 1,777,648 817,938 800 Health Services Fund 3,749,389 4,289,688 3,633 LBN Social Development 3,037,386 2,473,129 2,371 Capital Projects 500 911,749 1,516,750 1,672 Operations & Maintenance 1,185,865 1,389,130 1,277 Fisheries Fund 800,728 863,270 854 Treaty Negotiation Fund 21,636,785 25,348,439 24,830 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER ITEMS (4,888,539) (1,122,350) 2,024 OTHER ITEMS 2 (4,888,539) (1,122,350) 2,024 OTHER ITEMS 3 (4,888,539) (1,9549) (520 Insurance Proceeds - (19,549) (520 Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets - (8,886) 9 Forgiveness of debt - 18,607 Contract receivable adjustment - (162,000) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER				
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Social Housing Fund	Social Housing Fund				
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Operations & Maintenance Fisheries Fund Treaty Negotiation Fund 1,185,865 800,728 863,270 854,468 776,875 1,389,130 854,468 863,270 854,468 776,875 226,796 576,875 Z1,636,785 25,348,439 24,830,047 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER ITEMS (4,888,539) (1,122,350) 2,024,871 OTHER ITEMS (4,888,539) (1,954,99) (1,95	Operations & Maintenance 1,185,865 1,389,130 1,277,854 Fisheries Fund 800,728 863,270 854,765 Treaty Negotiation Fund - 226,796 576 21,636,785 25,348,439 24,830 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER ITEMS (4,888,539) (1,122,350) 2,024 OTHER ITEMS Bad debts- Housing - (263,263) (167 Loss in First Nation Entities - (19,549) (520 Insurance Proceeds - - 249 Loss(gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets - (8,886) 9 Forgiveness of debt - 18,607 - Contract receivable adjustment - (435,091) (428 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER - (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596		, ,		
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Treaty Negotiation Fund	Treaty Negotiation Fund				
21,636,785 25,348,439 24,830,047	21,636,785 25,348,439 24,830		000,720		
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EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER ITEMS (4,888,539) (1,122,350) 2,024,871 OTHER ITEMS Bad debts- Housing - (263,263) (167,278 Loss in First Nation Entities - (19,549) (520,953) Insurance Proceeds - - 249,810 Loss(gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets - (8,886) 9,980 Forgiveness of debt - 18,607 - Contract receivable adjustment - (162,000) - EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596,430 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR - 23,008,577 21,998,014 TREATY LOAN - (585,867)	EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER ITEMS (4,888,539) (1,122,350) 2,024 OTHER ITEMS Bad debts- Housing - (263,263) (167 Loss in First Nation Entities - (19,549) (520 Insurance Proceeds 249 Loss(gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets - (8,886) 9 Forgiveness of debt - 18,607 Contract receivable adjustment - (162,000) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596		21,636,785	25,348,439	24,830,047
EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER ITEMS (4,888,539) (1,122,350) 2,024,871 OTHER ITEMS Bad debts- Housing - (263,263) (167,278 Loss in First Nation Entities - (19,549) (520,953) Insurance Proceeds - - 249,810 Loss(gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets - (8,886) 9,980 Forgiveness of debt - 18,607 - Contract receivable adjustment - (162,000) - EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596,430 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR - 23,008,577 21,998,014 TREATY LOAN - (585,867)	EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER ITEMS (4,888,539) (1,122,350) 2,024 OTHER ITEMS Bad debts- Housing - (263,263) (167 Loss in First Nation Entities - (19,549) (520 Insurance Proceeds 249 Loss(gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets - (8,886) 9 Forgiveness of debt - 18,607 Contract receivable adjustment - (162,000) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596	EVACOR (DECIDIONOV) OF REVENUE OVER			
OTHER ITEMS Bad debts- Housing - (263,263) (167,278 Loss in First Nation Entities - (19,549) (520,953 Insurance Proceeds - 249,810 Loss(gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets - (8,886) 9,980 Forgiveness of debt - 18,607 - Contract receivable adjustment - (162,000) - EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596,430 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR - 23,008,577 21,998,014 TREATY LOAN - (585,867)	OTHER ITEMS Bad debts- Housing Loss in First Nation Entities Insurance Proceeds Loss(gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets Forgiveness of debt Contract receivable adjustment EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (163,263) (167 (19,549) (520 (19,549) (520 (19,549) (19,54		/4 000 520	\ (4.422.250\	2 024 971
Bad debts- Housing	Bad debts- Housing	EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER ITEMS	(4,000,338) (1,122,330)	2,024,071
Loss in First Nation Entities	Loss in First Nation Entities	OTHER ITEMS			
Insurance Proceeds Loss(gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets Forgiveness of debt Contract receivable adjustment - (435,091) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR - (488,539) (1,557,441) 1,596,430 1,596,430 1,596,430 1,596,430	Insurance Proceeds	Bad debts- Housing	(€	(263,263)	(167,278)
Loss(gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets	Loss(gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets - (8,886) 9 Forgiveness of debt - 18,607 Contract receivable adjustment - (162,000) - (435,091) (428 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596	Loss in First Nation Entities		(19,549)	(520,953)
Forgiveness of debt - 18,607 - (162,000) - (162,000) - (Forgiveness of debt - 18,607 Contract receivable adjustment - (162,000) - (435,091) (428 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596	Insurance Proceeds	1.€	. ₩	249,810
Forgiveness of debt - 18,607 - (162,000) (162,000) (162,000) (162,000) (162,000)	Forgiveness of debt Contract receivable adjustment - (162,000) - (435,091) (428 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596		20	(8,886)	9,980
Contract receivable adjustment	Contract receivable adjustment - (162,000) - (435,091) (428 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596		2€		-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596,430 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR - 23,008,577 21,998,014 TREATY LOAN - (585,867)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596		:*	(162,000)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596,430 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR - 23,008,577 21,998,014 TREATY LOAN - (585,867)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596			(425 004)	(420 441
EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596,430 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR - 23,008,577 21,998,014 TREATY LOAN - - (585,867)	EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596			(435,091)	(420,441)
EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596,430 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR - 23,008,577 21,998,014 TREATY LOAN - - (585,867)	EXPENDITURES (4,888,539) (1,557,441) 1,596	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER			
TREATY LOAN - (585,867	ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR - 23,008,577 21,998		(4,888,539) (1,557,441)	1,596,430
		ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	23,008,577	21,998,014
	TREATY LOAN - (585	TREATY LOAN		2*	(585,867
			A // 000 555		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

	2019	2018
Cash flows from		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES Items not affecting cash	\$ (1,557,441)	\$ 1,596,430
Amortization	1,159,500	1,136,280
Loan proceeds repayable		(585,867)
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	8,886	(9,980)
	(389,055)	2,136,863
Change in non-cash operating working capital		
Accounts receivable	(608,459)	167,262
Due from government agencies	(89,807)	91,240
Inventory	-	424
Prepaid expenses	100,806	(52,858)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(21,721)	777,564
Due to government agencies		(76,970)
Deferred revenue	836,865	(1,554,947)
Long term receivable	162,000	
	(9,371)	1,488,578
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(3,922,190)	(3,382,306)
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	7,500	27,193
	(3,914,690)	(3,355,113)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds on long term debt	2,934,819	1,436,437
Repayment of long term debt	(129,928)	(87,961)
Advances from (to) short term financing	(31,457)	31,844
Proceeds from repayment of band member receivables	15,999	(4,462)
	2,789,433	1,375,858
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment in First Nation Controlled Entities	(669,641)	517,387
Contributions to Ottawa Trust fund	(22,526)	(36,955)
	(692,167)	480,432
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,826,795)	(10,245)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,592,555	4,602,800
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,765,760	\$ 4,592,555
REPRESENTED BY		
Cash	\$ 1,991,276	\$ 1,586,146
Short term deposits	481,407	2,138,896
Restricted cash	293,077	867,513
	\$ 2,765,760	\$ 4,592,555
		Ţ :,55E,500

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS

Lake Babine Nation is a self-governed First Nation Band and operates on Lake Babine Nation traditional territory, located at Burns Lake, BC and area.

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants.

(a) Reporting entity principles of financial reporting

The First Nation reporting entity includes the First Nation government and all related entities which are accountable to the First Nation and are either owned or controlled by the First Nation.

The First Nation also prepares Financial Statements that summarize the assets, liabilities and results of operations for the following entities:

- 1. Lake Babine Nation Operations Fund
- 2. Lake Babine Nation Treaty Negotiation Fund
- 3. Lake Babine Nation Health Services Fund
- 4. Lake Babine Nation Fisheries Fund
- 5. Lake Babine Nation Social Housing Fund
- 6. Lake Babine Nation Capital Fund
- 7. Lake Babine Nation Equity in First Nation Investments Fund

All inter-entity balances have been eliminated.

(b) Fund accounting

The First Nation uses fund accounting procedures which result in a self-balancing set of accounts for each fund established by legal, contractual, or voluntary actions. The various funds have been amalgamated for the purposes of presentation in the Summary Financial Statements. Detail of the operations of each fund are set out in the supplementary schedules. The First Nation maintains the following funds:

- The Operating Fund which reports the general activities of the First Nation including administration, education, social assistance, natural resource management, operations and maintenance, and other miscellaneous programs.
- The Treaty Negotiation Fund which reports the activities of the BC Treaty Program.
- The Social Housing Fund which reports on the housing assets, rental income and other related activities.
- The Health Services Fund which reports the activities related to the Nation's health programs.
- The Capital Fund which reports the capital assets of the First Nation and their related activities.
- The Equity in First Nation Investments Fund which reports the activities of the First Nation's investments on a modified equity basis.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Financial instruments

The entity initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value, except for certain non-arm's length transactions.

The entity subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable, short term deposits and trust funds.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, reserves, and long term debt.

Fair value is determined by the price that is quoted in an active market. The most recent quote price becomes its new carrying value. When a quoted price in an active market is not available for an equity instrument that is an investment, it is measured at cost.

The Nation does not currently have any financial instruments that are measured at fair value.

(d) Cash

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and short-term deposits that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, net of bank overdrafts.

(e) Inventories held for resale

Inventory of supplies and goods held for resale are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value based on weighted average cost method.

(f) Loans receivable

Loans receivable are stated at the lower of cost and management's best estimate of net recoverable value. Valuation allowances, which are not required to reduce loans receivable, are based on past events, current conditions and all circumstances known at the date of the preparation of the financial statements. Interest revenue is recognized when earned. Interest revenue is not accrued when the collectability of either principle or interest is not reasonably assured.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Investments in First Nation entities

Lake Babine Nation's investment in First Nation Entities owned or controlled by the First Nation's Council but not dependent on the First Nation for their continuing operations, are accounted for using the modified equity method. Under the modified equity method, the equity method is modified only to the extent that the First Nation entity accounting principles are not adjusted to conform to those of the First Nation. The First Nation's investment in these entities is recorded at cost and increased or decreased for it's proportionate share of the post acquisition earnings, losses and distributions received. Entities accounted for under the modified equity method include:

- Burns Lake Native Development Corporation
- Lake Babine Economic Development Society
- Woyenne Enterprises Ltd.
- Talok Fisheries Ltd.
- Talok Fisheries Limited Partnership
- Lake Babine Nation Forestry Ltd.
- Lake Babine Nation Forestry Limited Partnership
- Lake Babine Nation Construction Ltd.
- Lake Babine Nation Ventures Ltd.
- Lake Babine Nation Ventures LP
- Nedut'een Development Corp.
- 1203001 B.C. Ltd.

(h) Trust funds

Trust funds are included as revenue in these statements only to the extent they have been received from the First Nation's trust funds. The trust funds arise from monies derived from capital or revenue sources as outlined in Section 62 of the Indian Act. These funds are held in trust in the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Government of Canada and are subject to audit by the Office of the Auditor General of Canada. The management of these funds is primarily governed by Sections 63 to 69 of the Indian Act.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement or betterment of the assets. Cost includes overhead directly attributable to construction and development, as well as interest costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of the asset.

Leases that transfer substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee are recorded as capital leases. Accordingly, at the inception of the leases, the tangible capital asset and related lease obligations are recorded at an amount equal to the present value of future lease payments discounted at the lower of the interest rate inherent in the lease contracts and Lake Babine Nation's incremental cost of borrowing.

Amortization is provided for on a declining balance basis based on each asset class' estimated useful lives as follows:

Automotive equipment	30%
Buildings and infrastructure	4%
Computer equipment	30%
Equipment	20%
Fisheries equipment	20%
Water and sewer	5%
Roads and bridges	5%

Tangible capital assets are written down when conditions indicate that they no longer contribute to Lake Babine Nation's ability to provide goods and services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital assets are less than their net book value. The net writedowns are accounted for as expenses in the consolidated statement of operations.

Contributed capital assets are recorded into revenues at their fair value on the date of donation, except in circumstances where fair value cannot be reasonably determined, in which case they are recognized at nominal value. Transfers of capital assets from related parties are recorded at carrying value.

Certain assets which have historical or cultural value, including works of art, historical documents and historical and cultural artifacts, are not recognized as tangible capital assets.

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available to be put into service.

(j) Impairment of long-lived asset

Long-lived assets are tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when their carrying value exceeds the total undiscounted cash flows expected from their use and eventual disposition. The amount of the impairment loss is determined as excess of the carrying value of the asset over its fair value.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Surplus recoveries and deficit funding

Under the terms of funding arrangements, remaining surpluses of certain programs may be recovered by the funding agency, and remaining deficits may be funded by the funding agency. These recoveries and additional fundings are recognized when recovered or received from the funding arrangement.

(I) Revenue recognition

Revenue and funding are recognized as follows:

- i) Government funding is recognized as revenue when it becomes available under the terms of the applicable funding agreements. Funding received under the funding agreements relating to a subsequent period is reflected as deferred revenue in the year of receipt.
- ii) Housing revenue is recognized based on lower end of market (LEM) rent for CMHC subsidized housing and based on collected receipts for non-subsidized houses. Rents not collected are written off to bad debts.
- iii) Income from investments is recorded on the accrual basis.
- iv) Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amount can be made.

(m) Asset classification

Assets are classified as either financial or non-financial. Financial assets are assets that could be used to discharge existing liabilities or to finance future operations. Non-financial assets are acquired, constructed or developed assets that do not provide resources to discharge existing liabilities but are employed to deliver government services, may be consumed in normal operations and are not for resale. Non-financial assets include tangible assets, prepaid expenses and inventory of supplies.

(n) Net Financial Debt

The Nation's financial statements are presented so as to highlight net financial debt as the measurement of financial position. The net debt of the Nation is determined by its liabilities less its financial assets. Net debt is comprised of two components, non-financial assets and accumulated surplus.

(o) Segments

The First Nation conducts its business through reportable segments. These operating segments are established by senior management to facilitate the achievement of the First Nation's long-term objectives, aid in resource allocation decisions, and to assess operational performance. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributed to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Therefore, certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(p) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Accounts specifically affected by estimates in these financial statements are allowance for doubtful accounts and accounts receivable impairment. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2019	2018
Internally restricted Short term deposit - Premium Investment Savings Account Capital projects	\$ 481,407 293,077	\$ 2,138,896 867,513
	774,484	3,006,409
Unrestricted		
Operating	1,450,614	620,716
Health		12,296
Social Housing	532,467	938,742
Treaty Negotiation	8,195	14,392
	1,991,276	1,586,146
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,765,760	\$ 4,592,555

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2019	2018
Due from funders Indigenous Services Canada (ISC)	\$ (18,010) 112,547 60,444	\$ - 108,292 33,760
Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation Other First Nation Funding agencies	8,060 1,802,883	45,845 1,353,908
	1,965,924	1,541,805
Due from members Rent receivable Allowance for doubtful accounts - rent receivable	4,455,912 (4,031,166)	4,013,209 (3,766,236)
	424,746	246,973
Due from others Miscellaneous Travel reimbursements	(1,168) -	(8,446) 711
	(1,168)	(7,735)
	\$ 2,389,502	\$ 1,781,043

Amounts due from Nation members (including rent receivable) shown above are unsecured and non-interest bearing.

4. DUE FROM GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

	2019		2018
Operations fund - GST rebate	\$	165,123	\$ 95,028
Health Services fund - GST rebate		47,865	7,454
Social Housing fund - GST rebate		4,419	1,924
Treaty Negotiation fund - GST rebate		3,577	2,205
Operations fund - PST rebate		48,485	73,051
	\$	269,469	\$ 179,662

Amounts receivable from government agencies are for GST and PST rebates, these include GST and PST paid on travel for band management activities, amounts charged on items delivered to the First Nation reserve in error, and any expenditures eligible for the public service body rebate.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

5. LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable consists of band member loans and payroll advances, these amounts are unsecured and non-interest bearing.

	2019		2018	
Payroll advances Allowance for doubtful accounts (payroll advances) Member loans	\$	16,178 (16,178) 76,400	\$	13,848 - 78,551
	\$	76,400	\$	92,399

6. INVENTORY HELD FOR RESALE

Inventories held for resale are classified as follows:

	2019	2018
Confectionary Fuel and oil Cigarettes and tobacco	\$ 6,121 13,304 2,383	\$ 6,121 13,304 2,383
	\$ 21,808	\$ 21,808

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

7. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTITIES

- Burns Lake Native Development Corporation (BLDNC)
- Lake Babine Economic Development Society (LBEDS)
- Talok Fisheries Corporation Ltd (Talok Ltd.)
- Talok Fisheries LP (Talok LP)

Burns Lake Native Development Corporation qualification:

The Company has not had a year end engagement completed to June 30, 2018 and as a result of the above, we were unable to determine whether adjustments were required in respect of investments and advances, other income (charges), excess revenue (expenses) for the year, and fund balances at end of year.

Talok Fisheries Ltd., and Talok Fisheries LP:

The Companies have not had a year end engagement completed to March 31, 2019 and as a result of the above, we were unable to determine whether adjustments were required in respect of investments and advances, other income (charges), excess revenue (expenses) for the year, and fund balances at end of year.

Lake Babine Economic Development Society:

The Company has not had a year end engagement completed to March 31, 2019 and as a result of the above, we were unable to determine whether adjustments were required in respect of investments and advances, other income (charges), excess revenue (expenses) for the year, and fund balances at end of year.

Talok Fisheries LP:

A yearly payment amount of \$25,444 is paid to the Nation for repayment of a non-interest bearing long term loan.

Related Party Transactions

Transactions with related parties, if any, are in the normal course of business, and are recorded at the exchange value that is mutually agreed upon by the related parties.

	2019	2018
LBEDS - Supplies	\$ 3,183	\$ 4,331
LBEDS - Fuel	41,463	35,517
LBEDS - Social Assistance and Support	4,598	4,868
LBEDS - Travel	7,339	14,707
LBEDS - Community support	7,537	9,504
Talok LLP - Consultant fees	<u>=</u>	1,580
Talok LLP - Administration revenue		995
Talok LLP - Miscellaneous revenue		10,417
	\$ 64,120	\$ 81,919

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

8. INVESTMENT IN FIRST NATION ENTITIES

	,	2019	2018
Burns Lake Native Development Corporation (62.87%) BLNDC shares, at cost BLNDC share of net assets	\$ 3	63 3,406,608	\$ 63 3,426,157
	3	3,406,671	3,426,220
Lake Babine Economic Development Society (100%) Advances to Lake Babine Economic Development Society Lake Babine Economic Development Society, deficiency in net	1	,228,918	533,688
assets		(171,793)	(171,793)
Woyenne Enterprises Ltd. shares, at cost (100%) Talok Fisheries Ltd. (100%)	1	,057,125 2	361,895 2
Talok Fisheries Ltd. shares at cost (100%)		1	1
TFL share of net assets Advances from Talok Fisheries Ltd.		79,599 (5,822)	79,599 68_
Talok Fisheries LP (99.99%)		73,778	79,668
Partnership Units		1,200	1,200
LBN share of net assets Advances from Talok Fisheries LP		5,265 (1,547)	5,265 (1,547)
Loan receivable for sale of fisheries equipment		330,775	330,775
Lake Babine Nation Forestry LP (99.99%)		335,693	335,693
Partnership Units		1,200	1,200
Advances to Lake Babine Nation Forestry LP		3,934	4,084
		5,134	5,284
	\$ 4	,878,403	\$ 4,208,762

Lake Babine Nation holds a 62.87% share ownership interest in Burns Lake Native Development Corporation ("BLNDC"), which in turn holds a 100% interest in Dz'ilh K'az Kwa Development Corporation ("DKKA"), and in Burns Lake Native Logging Ltd. ("BLNL"). DKKA in turn owns 100% of the issued shares of Burns Lake Specialty Wood Ltd. and BLNDC also holds a 15% interest in Babine Forest Products Limited, both accounted for by the cost method. The investment in BLNDC and Woyenne Enterprises Ltd. (an inactive company) is as detailed above.

Lake Babine Economic Development Society is an agent to Lake Babine Nation due to the fact that the Chief and Council of Lake Babine Nation hold significant decision making power within the Society. Therefore, the Society has been accounted for on a modified equity basis as described in Note 1 (g).

Lake Babine Nation owns 100% of Talok Fisheries Ltd.

Lake Babine Nation owns 99.99% of Talok Fisheries LP.

Lake Babine Nation owns 99.99% of Lake Babine Nation Forestry LP

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

9. TRUST FUNDS HELD BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

The Ottawa Trust Accounts arise from monies derived from capital or revenue sources as outlined in Section 62 of the Indian Act. These funds are held in trust in the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Government of Canada and are subject to audit by the Office of the Auditor General of Canada. The management of these funds is primarily governed by Sections 63 to 69 of the Indian Act.

				20	19	2018	
Capital funds held in trust Revenue funds held in trust			\$		90,080 73,719	\$	690,080 751,193
			\$	1,4	63,799	\$	1,441,273
	ı	2019 Revenue	2019 Capital		2019 Total		2018 Total
Surplus, beginning of year Interest earnings	\$	751,193 22,526	\$ 690,080 -	\$	1,441,273 22,526	\$	1,404,318 36,955
Surplus, end of year	\$	773,719	\$ 690,080	\$	1,463,799	\$	1,441,273

10. BANK INDEBTEDNESS

Bank indebtedness consists of an operating line of credit authorized to \$150,000 bearing interest at prime plus 2.65% per annum, and is unsecured.

	2019	2018		
Cheques in excess of cash	\$ 36,789	\$	68,246	
. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES				
	2019		2018	
Trades accounts payable Payroll and benefits Accrued payables	\$ 1,583,647 744,683 77,269	\$	1,563,464 741,468 122,388	
	\$ 2,405,599	\$	2,427,320	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

12. DEFERRED REVENUE

		March 31, 2018		Funding received, 2019		Revenue ecognized, 2019	March 31, 2019
Indigenous Services Canada (ISC) Asset management system Nation rebuilding CPMS 7769 Surplus Account ISC Fixed - Ec Dev - Add to reserve lot	\$	- 1,776	\$	31,968 220,363	\$	- \$ - -	31,968 220,363 1,776
5341		5,881		(#		(3,094)	2,787
ISC - A&C - Tachet Wastewater System Feasibility		2		103,811		3€ 0	103,811
(<u></u>		7,657		356,142		(3,094)	360,705
Provincial Government							
Joint Forestry Forum		32,904		3040		(11,152)	21,752
Social Cultural Tech		130,303		:(=:		(96,857)	33,446
Province of BC - Family and Youth							
Support		30,000		u.e.		(18,586)	11,414
Province of BC - Crime Reduction		75,000		(€		(75,000)	*
Province of BC - Healing and							
Rebuilding		30,000		1=		(30,000)	-
Reciprocal Tuition - Province of BC		: **		59,058		3.00	59,058
Province of BC - FPS SOC Child and							
Family				298,630			298,630
(298,207		357,688		(231,595)	424,300
0.11							
Other		55.400				(FF 400)	
NORHA Funding (CPMS 7367)		55,132		7.5		(55,132)	70.000
Tree Planting		70,000				(700)	70,000
First Nation Health Authority - Lease FNESCS - School Bus Purchase		700		/ -		(700)	ē
Program		=		65,805		: **	65,805
Naut'sa Mawt Tribal Council		×		5,000		·	5,000
TWLC - School Assessment		=		5,000		: :	5,000
First Nation Health Authority (FNHA)		=		53,479		. 	53,479
First Nation Health Authority -							
Traditional Land Based Healing		2		29,175			29,175
First Nation Health Authority - ELCC							
Development & Planning Grant		*		15,000		100	15,000
First Nation Health Authority -							
Traditional Wellness Approach		i n		116,752			116,752
Language Resource Centre		8		69,394		. €	69,394
FNESC Skills Link Program		====		53,951			53,951
		125,832		413,556		(55,832)	483,556
	\$	431,696	\$	1,127,386	\$	(290,521) \$	1,268,561
	Ψ	701,000	Ψ	1,127,000	Ψ	(200,021) \$	1,200,001

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

13. LONG-TERM DEBT

-	LONG-TERM DEBT		
		2019	2018
	Lake Babine Nation has signed promissory notes and First Nation Negotiation Support Agreements totaling \$12,191,495 as at March 31, 2019, representing advances made by Canada for negotiations. Repayment provisions for these loans are outlined in Sections 13.0 and 14.0 of the First Nation Negotiation Support Agreement.	\$ 12,191,495	\$ 12,191,495
	Natural Resource Building term loan bearing interest at prime plus 0.5% per annum, repayable in monthly payments of \$7,920 including interest. The loan is secured by general security agreement. The loan matures on July 13, 2043.	1,333,098	775,000
	Safehouse - On-reserve Shelter Enhancement Program loan bearing interest at 0% per annum, forgivable over 15 years from final advance.	1,329,145	:-
	Gas Bar term loan bearing interest at 4.26% per annum, repayable in monthly payments once the final draw has been made.	503,951	缓
	Triplex term loan bearing interest at 4.26% per annum, repayable in monthly payments of \$2,814 including interest. The loan is secured by general security agreement. The loan matures on June 30, 2023.		14
	Vehicle loan bearing interest at 6.99% per annum, repayable in monthly payments of \$1,081 including interest, due on demand. The loan is secured by specific equipment with a net book value of \$54,294. The loan matures on January 22, 2024.	53,091	¥
	On-reserve Residential Rehabilitation Assistance Program loan bearing interest at 5.375% per annum. The loan is forgivable over a 5 year period and must be repaid in full including interest should the Nation default on the loan. The loan matures on December 18, 2023.		Ë
	Vehicle loan bearing interest at 6.99% per annum, repayable in monthly payments of \$951 including interest, due on demand. The loan is secured by specific equipment with a net book value of \$50,417. The loan matures on January 22, 2024.	46,698	_
	On-reserve Residential Rehabilitation Assistance Program loan bearing interest at 4.875% per annum. The loan is forgivable over a 5 year period and must be repaid in full including interest should the Nation default on the loan. The loan matures on January 15, 2020.		49,370
	Vehicle loan bearing interest at 5.49% per annum, repayable in monthly payments of \$1,657 including interest, due on demand. The loan is secured by specific equipment with a net book value of \$27,057. The loan matures on December 22, 2020.	33,119	50,660

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

13. LONG-TERM DEBT, continued

,		
	2019	2018
Vehicle loan bearing interest at 2.49% per annum, repayable in monthly payments of \$677 including interest, due on demand. The loan is secured by specific equipment with a net book value of \$12,926. The loan matures on November 30, 2021.	21,039	28,547
On-reserve Residential Rehabilitation Assistance Program Ioan bearing interest at 3.5% per annum. The Ioan is forgivable over a 3 year period and must be repaid in full including interest should the Nation default on the Ioan. The Ioan matures on January 15, 2020.	17,467	26,200
Vehicle loan bearing interest at 6.29% per annum, repayable in monthly payments of \$1,521 including interest, due on demand. The loan is secured by specific equipment with a net book value of \$13,604. The loan matures on April 22, 2019.	1,513	19,072
Vehicle loan bearing interest at 6.29% per annum, repayable in monthly payments of \$1,521 including interest, due on demand. The loan is secured by specific equipment with a net book value of \$13,604. The loan matures on April 22, 2019.	1,513	19,072
Loan, repaid during the year.	ш	18,764
	\$ 15,983,071	\$ 13,178,180

All of the above On-reserve Residential Rehabilitation Assistance Program loans are secured by promissory notes signed by the Nation stating that the loans are forgiven on a straight line basis over the period of the loan should they remain in compliance with the agreements. If the Nation is not in compliance, the principal plus any accrued interest becomes due on demand. As at March 31, 2019 the Nation was in compliance with the agreements.

	2019	2018
Interest expense for the year on long-term debt	\$ 45,745	\$ 9,904

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

14. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	Cost	Additions	Disposals		cumulated nortization	2019 Net book value
Land	\$ 4,743,539	\$ \ = 6	\$; = \\	\$	-	\$ 4,743,539
Buildings and	45 700 004	0.005.440			14 050 775	45 004 000
infrastructure	45,732,361	3,685,443	89,222	- 3	34,353,775 870,322	15,064,029 465,165
Automotive equipment	1,288,895 794,757	135,814 62,509	300,055		388,172	169,039
Computer equipment Equipment	2,207,507	25,870	38.033		1,908,203	287,141
Fisheries equipment	251,047	12,554	49,015		132,082	82,504
Water and sewer	12,329,757	,	,		6,099,934	6,229,823
Roads and bridges	5,175,667): = :	1 .		3,040,862	2,134,805

	\$ 72,523,530	\$ 3,922,190	\$ 476,325	\$ 4	46,793,350	\$ 29,176,045
	Cost	Additions	Disposals		cumulated nortization	2018 Net book value
Land Buildings and	\$ 4,743,539	\$ *	\$ -	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 4,743,539
infrastructure	42,723,839	3,008,522	300	;	33,927,175	11,805,186
Automotive equipment	1,170,699	227,211	109,016		807,266	481,629
Computer equipment	758,464	36,293	S=8		619,201	175,556
Equipment	2,123,614	104,685	20,792		1,876,780	330,727
Fisheries equipment	245,452	5,595	-		162,815	88,232
Water and sewer	12,329,757	<u>=</u>	-		5,772,049	6,557,708
Roads and bridges	5,175,667	*	2 		2,928,503	2,247,164
	\$ 69,271,031	\$ 3,382,306	\$ 129,808	\$ 4	46,093,789	\$ 26,429,741

Buildings under construction in the amount of \$2,847,159 (2018 - \$2,956,376) are included in Buildings and Infrastructure and will not be amortized until construction is complete.

15. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

	2019	2018
Restricted Equity in Investments in First Nation Entities Equity in Ottawa Trust Funds	\$ 3,322,001 1,838,602	\$ 3,341,550 1,742,167
	5,160,603	5,083,717
Unrestricted Operating equity	16,290,533	17,924,860
-	\$ 21,451,136	\$ 23,008,577

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

16. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Lake Babine Nation has entered into contribution agreements with various federal government departments. Funding received under these contribution agreements is subject to repayment if the First Nation fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the agreements.

In addition, in the normal course of its operations, Lake Babine Nation becomes involved in legal actions. Some of these potential liabilities may become actual liabilities when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. To the extent that the future event is likely to occur, and a reasonable estimate of the loss can be made, an estimated liability is accrued and an expense recorded on Lake Babine Nation's financial statements. In managements opinions there are no losses resulting in the accrual of a liability present as at the date of the audit report.

17. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

Lake Babine Nation receives a significant portion of its revenue pursuant to a funding agreement with Indigenous Services Canada. The Nation's ability to operate certain programs depends on the continuation of this funding.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

18. GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS

		2019		
Operating		Capital		Total
\$ 11,688,849	\$	418,858	\$	12,107,707
10,000		-		10,000
675,500		-		675,500
151,289		-		151,289
12.525.638		418.858		12,944,496
3,454,253		- 10,000		3,454,253
\$ 15,979,891	\$	418,858	\$	16,398,749
		2018		
Operating		Capital		Total
\$ 10.584.028	\$	130.966	\$	10,714,994
	•	-	•	670,500
-		_		151,289
5.081		_		5.081
7,644				7,644
11 418 542		130 966		11,549,508
6,470,638		100,000		6,470,638
\$ 17.889.180	\$	130.966	\$	18,020,146
	\$ 11,688,849 10,000 675,500 151,289 12,525,638 3,454,253 \$ 15,979,891 Operating \$ 10,584,028 670,500 151,289 5,081 7,644	\$ 11,688,849 \$ 10,000 675,500 151,289	Operating Capital \$ 11,688,849 \$ 10,000 \$ - 675,500 \$ - 151,289 \$ - 1 12,525,638 3,454,253 \$ - 1 \$ 15,979,891 \$ 418,858 Operating Capital \$ 10,584,028 \$ 130,966 670,500 \$ - 151,289 \$ - 5,081 \$ - 7,644 \$ - 1 11,418,542 6,470,638 \$ 130,966 6,470,638 \$ - 1	Operating Capital \$ 11,688,849 \$ 418,858 \$ 10,000 \$ - 675,500 \$ - 151,289 \$ - 1

19. EMPLOYMENT RETIREMENT PLAN

The First Nation has a defined contribution plan for its employees. Participation in the pension plan is available to substantially all employees. Employees may contribute between 3% and 8% of their gross pay with the organization making a matching contribution to the plan. Any voluntary amounts paid by the employee are not matched. Total employer contributions for 2019 were \$168,869 (2018 - \$86,509).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to the year end the First Nation entered into a 10 year grant program with Indian Services Canada (ISC). This grant is a funding mechanism that provides the First Nation with a 10 year term, greater flexibility to allocate, manage and use funding to better accommodate local needs and changing circumstances and priorities, the ability to retain unspent funds, and reduced administrative reporting requirements. Under the new grant progam the First Nation receives the full years funding from ISC. On April 2, 2019 the funds were received from ISC and a deposit of \$9,405,254 was made into the First Nation's premium investment account. The First Nation has implemented a policy to complete monthly transfers from the investment account into the operating account similar to the previous ISC funding program. This will help the First Nation better manage cash flows and avoid overspending funds.

Subsequent to the year end, Crown-Indigenous Relations and Northern Affairs Canada has announced that budget 2019 has committed to forgiving the outstanding comprehensive land claim negotiation loan. The total outstanding loan as at March 31, 2019 is \$12,191,495. The timeline of when this will be forgiven is unknown at this time.

During the year the First Nation has been wrapping up operations within the Treaty Negotiation Fund, and subsequent to the year end has ceased operations within the Fund.

21. BUDGETED FIGURES

Budgeted figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the estimates provided by management, and were approved by Chief and Council on March 27, 2018.

22. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted in the current period.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below. The required disclosures provide information that assists users of the financial statements in assessing the extent of risk related to financial instruments.

(a) Credit Risk

The Band is exposed to credit risk from their investment in Lake Babine Economic Development Society ("LBEDS"), which is in the same geographical area and does significant business with members of the Nation. The Nation has advanced significant amounts to LBEDS to assist with start up and construction costs, and payroll, management considers their risk of collection of these receivables to be acceptable and appropriately managed.

(b) Interest rate risk

The band is exposed to interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that the band has interest rate exposure on its bank contingent liabilities, which are variable based on the bank's prime rates. This exposure may have an effect on its earnings in future periods. The band reduces its exposure to interest rate risk by regularly monitoring published bank prime interest rates which have been relatively stable over the period presented. There are some loans that are at fixed term rates and do not affect interest rate risk. The band does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to interest rate risk. In the opinion of management the interest rate risk to the band is low and is not material.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

24. EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT

		2019 Budget		2019 Actual		2018 Actual
Administration fees	\$	2,074,413	\$	24.5	\$	20,000
Advertising	Ψ	34,600	Ψ	23,588	Φ	10,139
Amortization		34,000		1,159,499		1,136,280
Awards day		24,000		30,871		25,309
Bad debts		24,000		16,178		20,509
Bingo expense		5		40		
Business development				40		17,554
Catering		106,700		221,461		229,034
Christmas		66,200		66,216		65,204
Contracted services		807,625		590,016		578,978
Economic development		222,800		•		
Emergency		222,000		222,502		189,019 683
Equipment leases and rentals		78,469		125,154		157,058
Fees		•				•
Field trips		477,132		192,589		289,936
Fuel and oil		21,167		17,418		85,813
General operating expense		52,257 72,466		385,318		299,699
Honorarium		72,166		83,227		55,341
Incentives		559,150		572,670		517,522
		90,350		104,020		104,038
Insurance		306,043		304,892		283,535
Interest and bank charges		51,300		110,123		50,159
Janitorial		000 000		400.040		259
Meeting expenses		238,382		193,819		206,961
Municipal services		354,777		347,581		356,253
Professional development		117,500		53,756		101,839
Professional fees		611,552		1,270,613		1,909,984
Property taxes		0₩		2,635		3,099
Purchases		1986		121,709		124,646
Rent		157,950		168,306		110,983
Repairs and maintenance		861,519		732,643		620,170
Social assistance and support		2,069,440		2,093,335		1,804,027
Supplies		516,176		885,887		904,297
Traditional food		42,379		42,415		42,242
Training		232,138		187,873		190,557
Travel		1,566,410		2,789,746		2,445,659
Tuitions and allowances		1,806,116		2,958,288		2,983,941
Utilities and telephone		625,259		757,121		726,618
Wages and benefits		7,326,953		8,503,300		8,166,126
Water testing		65,862		13,630		16,530

\$ 25,348,439 \$ 24,830,047

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

25. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Lake Babine Nation is a First Nation organization that provides a wide range of services to its members including social, education, housing, capital, economic development and community services. For management reporting purposes, the Band's operations and activities are organized and reported by segments. Segments were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The Nation's services are provided by departments and their activities are recorded in these funds. Certain departments that have been disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, are as follows:

Operations

The Operations program provides administration support to the First Nation. Those costs that relate directly to the administration of the various segments have been allocated to the appropriate segment.

Education

The Education program provides primary and secondary instructional services and financial support to eligible post-secondary First Nations students.

Economic Development

The Economic Development program provides planning and capacity development initiatives under various agreements.

Natural Resource Management

The Natural Resources program administers and oversees natural resource based projects.

Social Housing

The Housing program provides on-reserve housing to eligible members under the CMHC housing programs for First Nations, and reports on the respective revenue and expenditures.

Health Services

The Health program provides a variety of health and wellness programs and support to First Nation members.

Social Development

The Social Development program Administers the provision of social assistance to qualifying First Nation members, as well as providing social development programs to the First Nation.

Capital

The Capital program administers the development of new capital projects and infrastructure programs on the reserve.

Operations and Maintenance

The Operations and Maintenance program provides regular maintenance services throughout the First Nation.

Fisheries

The Fisheries program administers fishing operations, habitat restoration, and research on First Nation land.

as follows:

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

25. SEGMENTED INFORMATION, continued

Treaty Negotiation

The Treaty Negotiation program provides negotiation services to aid the First Nation in its research towards Treaty.

Equity in First Nation Investments

The Equity in First Nation Investments program includes all activity from investments in other entities by the First Nation.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

		Operations		LBN E	ducation Pro	gram	Economic Development			
	2019	2019	2018	2019	2019	2018	2019	2019	2018	
	Budget	Actual	Actual	Budget	Actual	Actual	Budget	Actual	Actual	
Revenues										
Indigenous Services Canada Federal Government	\$ 714,131 \$	719,131 \$	701,555	\$ 4,116,231	\$ 5,155,390 \$	5,067,192 \$	149,354 \$	399,354 \$	265,075 5,081	
Provincial Government	97,323	124,762	140,725	_	686,290	644,183	105.000	1.004,050	1,219,375	
Other Aboriginal Groups	0.,020	388,199	1,600	298,823	1.262,992	1,296,210	2.5	40,278	=	
Band Generated		61,471	6.000	200,020	2,465	7,643	-	567,950	467,027	
Interest income		64,751	84,489	50+0	2,400	1,040	1900 1900	001,000	101,021	
Administration fee	-	04,731	18,754		340	(#):	:=1:			
Transfer from deferred	-	18,586	10,734	928	1=1	183	180	108,094		
revenue	-	10,500	-					100,007		
Other revenue	10,000	(258,401)	85,187	1.7=	(223,232)	52,595	130	65,745	(79,653	
Total revenue	821,454	1,118,499	1,038,310	4,415,054	6,883,905	7,067,823	254,354	2,185,471	1,876,905	
Expenses										
Administration fees	1,790			401,620	-	-	524,128	-	£	
Capital purchases	.,		(4,568)		-	-52		-		
Contracted services	15,000	32,459	30,447	: F#:	(*)	960		174,282	(16,766	
Professional fees	360,300	233,315	257.775	2.500	1923	4.795	152,158	137,408	187,799	
Repairs and maintenance	12,000	8,727	21,856	49.000	58.536	56,287	10,000	6,016	24,310	
Travel	523,372	531,936	545,412	137,500	176,145	213,118	30,445	28,250	16,890	
Wages and benefits	1,361,134	1,192,842	1,036,358	1,698,158	2,967,285	2.754,287	249,608	331,759	320,985	
Other expenses	1,315,116	1,304,676	1,150,573	2,121,975	3,455,028	3,666,825	794,636	874,840	742,061	
Total expenses	3,588,712	3,303,955	3,037,853	4,410,753	6,656,994	6,695,312	1,760,975	1,552,555	1,275,279	
	(2 767 258)	(2,185,456)	(1 999 543)	4,301	226,911	372,511	(1,506,621)	632,916	601.626	
Other income (expenses)	(2,101,200)	- (2,100,700)	249,810	,301	1000	372,011	(1,000,021)	302,010	301,020	
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$(2,767,258)	\$(2,185,456)	§(1,749,733)	\$ 4,301	\$ 226,911 \$	372,511 \$	S(1,506,621)\$	632,916 \$	601,626	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

	Natural Re	esource Man	agement	Soci	al Hou	sing Fu	ınd	Health Services Fund			
	2019	2019	2018	2019	2019		2018	2019	2019	2018	
(Budget	Actual	Actual	Budget	Act	ual	Actual	Budget	Actual	Actual	
Revenues											
Federal Government	\$ (9)	\$ = 5	7,644 \$	-	\$ 10	0,000 \$	* 5	5 - 9	- \$	(4)	
Provincial Government	388,610	544,321	1,443,677	×		2	2	-	5,000	5,000	
Other Aboriginal Groups	82,757	217,512	166,276	~		-	¥:	3,743,086	4,448,339	3,880,867	
Band Generated	-	-	9	1,206,720	93	0.147	739.535	365		35	
Interest income	0		-	-		176	46	18:	2.00	-	
Transfer from deferred revenue	1 2 %	•	•	312,356	5	5,132	20,000	(0e)		:=:	
Other revenue	(#V)	2,010,779	2,396,096	250,496		4,908	17,142	1163	(119,082)	73,196	
Total revenue	471,367	2,772,612	4,013,693	1,769,572	1,00	0,363	776,723	3,743,086	4,334,257	3,959,063	
Expenses											
Administration fees	18,505		-	500,804		2	20,000	184,687	-		
Amortization	37		-	2	2	0,031	21,108	122	79,412	69,382	
Capital purchases		-	-	-		*	-	7 = 2	. 1		
Contracted services	:=::	3,116	1,882	-		32	36,431	36,000	192,514	74,286	
Professional fees	11,500	130,534	375,531	7,500		7.500	9.368	9,500	11,416	9,725	
Repairs and maintenance	5-6	528	*	611,520	19:	2,026	150,934	65,050	64,700	96,286	
Travel	10,000	63,989	155,417	57,600	2	6,252	38,061	718,778	1,656,877	1,223,301	
Wages and benefits	13,000	432,292	671,619	371.056	33	6,419	317,746	2,173,894	1,545,297	1,376,682	
Other expenses	360,575	1,627,775	1,429,454	229,168	23	5,678	206,855	561,480	739,471	783,837	
Total expenses	413,580	2,258,234	2,633,903	1,777,648	81	7,938	800,503	3,749,389	4,289,688	3,633,499	
	57,787	514,378	1,379,790	(8,076)	18:	2,425	(23,780)	(6,303)	44,569	325,564	
Other income (expenses)	i.	(162,000)				4,659)	(167,278)	388	(5,596)	1,053	
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 57,787	352,378	1,379,790 \$	(8,076)	\$ (6:	2,234)\$	(191,058)	(6,303)	38,973 \$	326,617	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

	LBN So	cial Develop	ment	Capit	al Projects 5	00	Operations & Maintenance			
	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2018 Actual	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2018 Actual	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2018 Actual	
Revenues										
Indigenous Services Canada	\$ 2,812,273 \$	2,887,333 \$	2,824,551 \$	911,749 \$	1,330,607 \$	1,036,660 \$	744,705 \$	780,481 \$	761,440	
Band Generated	12		•	_	540	24,340	432,960	29,262	28,281	
Interest income		₹ €		-	1,496	341	=	2	·	
Transfer from deferred revenue	1.2	1.	5.85	-	-	1,664,035	8	ŝ	9	
Other revenue			3.60	(9)	(135,779)		8			
Total revenue	2,812,273	2,887,333	2,824,551	911,749	1,196,864	2,725,376	1,177,665	809,743	789,721	
Expenses										
Administration fees	288,066		3(4)	91,174	:::	; * ×	2.5			
Amortization	28	-	S = 3		1,024,524	1,001,909	-			
Capital purchases	-	(1)	4,568		41	(a)	7 4	2		
Contracted services	-			756,625	178,393	360,601	2	-	-	
Professional fees		-		9,600	70,126	86,471	1.5	5	-	
Repairs and maintenance	3,000	753	1,138		194,283	137,708	110,949	201,906	131,651	
Travel	42,250	34,476	24,019	19,200	11,745	29,061	4,800	18,424	5,923	
Wages and benefits	463,247	388,228	436,734	31,670	1,969	535	437,400	466,913	467,657	
Other expenses	2,240,823	2,049,673	1,905,427	3,480	35,710	56,653	632,716	701,887	672,300	
Total expenses	3,037,386	2,473,129	2,371,886	911,749	1,516,750	1,672,938	1,185,865	1,389,130	1,277,531	
	(225,113)	414,204	452,665	3 €	(319,886)	1,052,438	(8,200)	(579,387)	(487,810	
Other income (expenses)				- X-E	2,531	8,927	120	157	-	
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (225,113)\$	414,204 \$	452,665 \$	- 9	(317,355)\$	1,061,365 \$	(8,200)\$	(579,387)\$	(487,810	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

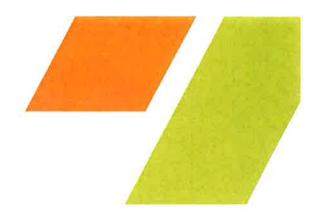
	Fisheries Fund				Treaty Negotiation Fund					Equity in First Nation Investments					
,	2019 Budget		19 tual	2018 Actual		019 dget		2019 Actual		2018 Actual		2019 Budget		2019 Actual	2018 Actual
Revenues															
Indigenous Services Canada	\$ - 5	6	32,611 \$	58,521	\$		\$	90	S	54	\$	-	\$	÷ \$	
Federal Government	465,500		26.789	821,789	•		•	-		: <u>-</u>	•	-	•	¥	
Provincial Government	14		7,330	45/1				120		732,334				<u>~</u>	3
Band Generated	1.0			11,100		-		-		-		-			
Other revenue		14	10,312	159,009											
Total revenue	465,500	1,03	37,042	1,050,419		320		34 5		732,334		2		ŝ	ē
Expenses															
Administration fees	63,639							:=::						-	
Amortization	968	3	34,807	42,975		-		725		906				*	-
Professional fees	58,494	11	11,918	83,418		-		10,965		231,531		12		-	2
Repairs and maintenance	393		385	120		100		315		-		2		2	2
Travel	22,465	4	10,911	28,878		•		29,404		74.085		-		-	-
Wages and benefits	527,786	49	2,988	515,102				137,505		190,899					
Other expenses	128,344	18	2,646	184,095		*		47,882		79,454		-		*	•
Total expenses	800,728	86	3,270	854,468				226,796		576,875		2			2
	(335,228)	17	3.772	195,951		19/1		(226,796))	155,459				-	
Other income (expenses)	(3)		(5,821)	200		(#)		(====						(19,549)	(520,953
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (335,228)	16	7,951 \$	195,951	\$		\$	(226,796)	S	155,459	s	-	s	(19,549)\$	(520,953

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2019

			Resources Dep		Consolidated totals			
		2019	2019	2018	2019	2019	2018	
	В	udget	Actual	Actual	Budget	Actual	Actual	
Revenues								
Indigenous Services Canada	\$	-	\$ 772,800 \$	- 1	\$ 9,448,443			
Federal Government		-	-	-	465,500	836,789	834,514	
Provincial Government		•	1,082,500	2,285,344	590,933	3,454,253	6,470,638	
Other Aboriginal Groups		50	-	-	4,124,666	6,357,320	5,344,953	
Band Generated		*	93,976	-	1,639,680	1,685,811	1,283,926	
Interest income		-	-	-	-	66,423	84,876	
Administration fee		-	-	-	-	-	18,754	
Transfer from deferred revenue			108,009	132,904	312,356	289,821	1,816,939	
Other revenue		5	(2,057,285)	(2,418,248)	260,496	(572,035)	285,324	
Total revenue			*:		16,842,074	24,226,089	26,854,918	
Expenses								
Administration fees				-	2,074,413	•	20,000	
Amortization		*		-	S#1	1,159,499	1,136,280	
Contracted services		*	9,220	92,097	807,625	590,016	578,978	
Professional fees		2	557,431	663,571	611,552	1,270,613	1,909,984	
Repairs and maintenance		2	4,853	2	861,519	732,643	620,170	
Travel		-	171,346	91,494	1,566,410	2,789,755	2,445,659	
Wages and benefits		-	209,803	77.522	7,326,953	8,503,300	8,166,126	
Other expenses		3	(952,653)	(924,684)	8,388,313	10,302,613	9,952,850	
Total expenses		2	2		21,636,785	25,348,439	24,830,047	
					(4 794 711)	(1,122,350)	(1 357 434	
Other income (expenses)					(-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(435,091)		
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$	2	\$ - 9	3	\$(4,794,711)	\$(1,557,441)	\$ 1,596,430	





SPECIAL AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Lake Babine Nation:

We have audited the financial statements of Lake Babine Nation as at March 31, 2019, and for the year then ended and reported on July 29, 2019.

The Schedule of Honoraria, Travel Expenses and Other Remuneration for Elected officials is required to be presented to the Members of Lake Babine Nation pursuant to the funding agreement between Indigenous Services Canada (ISC) and Lake Babine Nation. The Schedule has been compiled by the management of Lake Babine Nation from their records. For the purposes of understanding our involvement with this schedule, please note that:

- We have audited and separately reported on the consolidated financial statements;
- Our audit was conducted for the purposes of forming an opinion of the financial statements taken as a whole;
- The attached schedule is presented to comply with the requirements of Indigenous Services Canada and does not form part of the financial statements; and
- The schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the audit of the financial statements taken as a whole.

During the course of the aforementioned audit, we encountered no discrepancies on this schedule. However, no procedures have been carried out on this Schedule in addition to that necessary to form an opinion on the financial statements.

Prince George, BC July 29, 2019 VMC Chartered Professional accountants Inc.

ANNEX A

Schedule of Remuneration and Expenses (Chief and Councilors)

Name of Recipient <u>LAKE BABINE NATION</u> For the Year Ended March 31, 2019

Name of Individual	Position Title	Number of Months [Note 1]	Remuneration [Note 2]	Expenses [Note 3]
Wilfred Adam	Chief	3	28,210	20,682
Gordon Alec	Chief	9	62,615	18,034
Bessie West	Councillor / Deputy Chief	12	51,000	59,536
Darren Partrick	Councillor	3	12,000	1,162
Melvin Joseph	Councillor	12	48,000	9,123
Derek MacDonald	Councillor / Deputy Chief	12	57,000	14,508
Darcy Dennis	Councillor	3	12,000	6,772
Delores alec	Councillor	3	44,000	30,913
Mildred George	Councillor	3	12,000	6,086
Verna Power	Councillor	12	48,000	57,839
Clara Williams	Councillor	3	12,000	4,736
Murphy Abraham	Councillor	9	36,000	19,939
Cheyene Dennis	Councillor	9	36,000	16,150
John West Jr.	Councillor	9	36,000	19,195
Shane Modine	Councillor	9	36,000	16,999

^{1.} The number of months during the fiscal year that the individual was a chief or councillor.

^{2.} As per the First Nations Financial Transparency Act:

[&]quot;remuneration" means any salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, fees, honoraria and dividends and any other monetary benefits other than the reimbursement of expenses — and non-monetary benefits.

^{3.} As per the First Nations Financial Transparency Act:

[&]quot;expenses" includes the costs of transportation, accommodation, meals, hospitality and incidental expenses.